

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 110818

TO: Chongshan Chen

Location: 4B25 Art Unit: 2172

Monday, December 29, 2003

Case Serial Number: 09/647266

From: David Holloway Location: EIC 2100

PK2-4B30

Phone: 308-7794

david.holloway@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Examiner Chen,

Attached please find your search results for above-referenced case. Please contact me if you have any questions or would like a re-focused search.

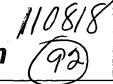
David





Date picked up 12 בט-עב

STIC EIC 2100 //08/8 Search Request Form (92)



•	What date would you like to use to limit the search?						
[2-22-03] Priority I	Priority Date: 2/15/2000 Other:						
Name <u>Changshan</u> <u>Chen</u> AU <u>2172</u> Examiner # <u>79547</u> Room # <u>4825</u> Phone <u>305-8319</u> Serial # <u>09/647</u> , 266	Format for Search Results (Circle One): PAPER DISK EMAIL Where have you searched so far? USP DWPI EPO JPO ACM IBM TDB IEEE INSPEC SPI Other						
Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circle One) YES (NO) A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (maximum). The search must be on a very specific topic and meet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in ElC2100 and on the ElC2100 NPL Web Page at http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm.							
What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specific details defining the desired focus of this search? Please include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, definitions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, background, brief summary, pertinent claims and any citations of relevant art you have found.							
A method of searching a database to find documents similar to a query document, comprising:							
Decomposing the query document into elements of different data types;							
Determining a layout element in a layout datatype from the spatial arrangement of the elements in the document; and							
For the layout element, conducting a layout similarity search to return match results from the database for the layout element.							
·							
	•						
·	12-22-03 A11:54 IN						
	12-22-J3 A11:54 IN						



Date Completed 2- 29-03

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Set
        Items
                Description
S1
           19
                AU=(SHARPE, W? OR SHARPE W?)
Ş2
                AU=(BURNS R? OR BURNS, R?)
          348
S3
            3
S4
                (S1 OR S2) AND IC=(G06F-017/30 OR G06F-007/00)
S5
                S4 AND (SEARCH? OR QUER? OR MATCH? OR RETRIEV? OR FIND? OR
             LOCAT? OR SEEK?)
S6
            9
                S3 OR S4
S7
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
S8
File 344: Chinese Patents Abs Aug 1985-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 European Patent Office
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Aug (Updated 031202)
         (c) 2003 JPO & JAPIO
File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Dec W02
         (c) 2003 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20031218,UT=20031211
         (c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD, UM &UP=200382
         (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent
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8/5,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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015477891 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-540038/200351

XRPX Acc No: N03-428280

Computer system with asset access management facility, has client computer that selectively relinquishes access lock, based on existence of access conditions for asset, on receiving demand from server

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: BURNS R C ; GOEL A; REES R M

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 6571276 B1 20030527 US 2000510784 A 20000223 200351 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000510784 A 20000223

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6571276 B1 8 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 6571276 B1

NOVELTY - A client computer receives an access lock pertaining to an asset in a distributed storage system, from a server. The client computer selectively relinquishes the access lock, based on existence of access conditions for the asset, on receiving demand from the server.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) computer program device; and
- (2) computer-implemented asset access management method.

USE - For managing access to assets in distributed data storage systems such as file systems and databases.

ADVANTAGE - Enables improving the speed, ease and efficiency of the distributed computer system.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a flowchart explaining the method of processing demand from the server by the client computer.

pp; 8 DwgNo 6/6

Title Terms: COMPUTER; SYSTEM; ACCESS; MANAGEMENT; FACILITY; CLIENT; COMPUTER; SELECT; ACCESS; LOCK; BASED; EXIST; ACCESS; CONDITION; RECEIVE; DEMAND; SERVE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/30

File Segment: EPI

Inventor: BURNS R C ...

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

8/5, K/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014705644 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-526348/200256
Related WPI Acc No: 2001-564695
XRPX Acc No: N02-416521

Predetermined constraints imposing method in autonomous vehicle system, involves imposing selected safety measure, when safety envelopes assigned to vehicles traveling along different trajectories, is predicted to overlap

Patent Assignee: MODULAR MINING SYSTEMS INC (MODU-N)

Inventor: BURNS R L

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000521436 A 20000307 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 6393362 B1 15 G01S-005/00

Abstract (Basic): US 6393362 Bl

NOVELTY - The position of the safety envelope is predicted, when the vehicle travels along a trajectory. A selected safety measure is imposed on any of the vehicle, when the envelopes assigned to the vehicles traveling along different trajectories is predicted to overlap with each other.

 ${\tt DETAILED}$ <code>DESCRIPTION</code> - An <code>INDEPENDENT</code> <code>CLAIM</code> is included for traffic control apparatus.

USE - Used in airtraffic, underground mining, digging, shipping, trucking, surface mines, vehicle operations.

ADVANTAGE - Avoids collisions in a simple and efficient manner. Avoids the hazards by all moving vehicles and equipment operating in surface mine.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart explaining the steps involved in the constraints imposing method. pp; 15 DwgNo 9/10

Title Terms: PREDETERMINED; CONSTRAIN; IMPOSE; METHOD; AUTONOMOUS; VEHICLE; SYSTEM; IMPOSE; SELECT; SAFETY; MEASURE; SAFETY; ENVELOPE; ASSIGN; VEHICLE; TRAJECTORY; PREDICT; OVERLAP

Derwent Class: T01; T06; T07; W06; X22; X25 International Patent Class (Main): G01S-005/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G01S-013/00; G06F-007/00;
G06F-017/00; G06F-019/00

File Segment: EPI

Inventor: BURNS R L

...International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00

8/5,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014358483 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-179184/200223

XRPX Acc No: N02-136293

Data object version handling method for real-time application, involves producing set which is approximate with set produced by scanning one version to find possible match with string in another version

Patent Assignee: AJTAI M (AJTA-I); BURNS R C (BURN-I); FAGIN R (FAGI-I); STOCKMEYER L J (STOC-I); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: AJTAI M; BURNS R C ; FAGIN R; STOCKMEYER L J

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020010702 A1 20020124 US 97794134 A 19970203 200223 B
US 6374250 B1 20020416 US 97794134 A 19970203 200232

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97794134 A 19970203

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

Abstract (Basic): US 20020010702 A1

NOVELTY - A consecutive linear pass is performed on two versions for identifying and matching a byte-level string in one version with a string in another version. A set containing identified matching segments and corresponding offsets reflecting the relative positions of the segments within the versions are produced, to approximate with another set produced by scanning one version to find possible match with string in another version.

USE - For handling versions of data objects for storage and transmission for real-time applications.

ADVANTAGE - Accepts arbitrarily large input file without degradation in rate of compression, thereby producing steady output data streams with high reliability in predetermined time.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure is a snapshot representation of data stream showing group of fixed length symbol string used for footprinting.

pp; 29 DwgNo 2/14

Title Terms: DATA; OBJECT; VERSION; HANDLE; METHOD; REAL; TIME; APPLY; PRODUCE; SET; APPROXIMATE; SET; PRODUCE; SCAN; ONE; VERSION; FINDER; POSSIBILITY; MATCH; STRING; VERSION

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00; G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

...Inventor: BURNS R C

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00 ...

... G06F-017/30

8/5, K/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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013522323 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-006529/200101

XRPX Acc No: N01-004680

Query based similar documents searching method for database management, involves conducting similarity search of two data types, to obtain match results from database, based on elements of query document

Patent Assignee: HEWLETT-PACKARD CO (HEWP)

Inventor: BURNS R J ; SHARPE W

Number of Countries: 021 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week 20000824 WO 200049526 WO 2000GB489 20000215 A1 Α 200101 A1 20010131 EP 1072001 EP 2000903814 Α 20000215 WO 2000GB489 Α 20000215 JP 2002537604 W 20021105 JP 2000600197 Α 20000215 200304

WO 2000GB489 A 20000215

Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 993451 A 19990216

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200049526 A1 E 20 G06F-017/30

Designated States (National): JP US

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

EP 1072001 A1 E G06F-017/30 Based on patent WO 200049526 Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE

JP 2002537604 W 21 G06F-017/30 Based on patent WO 200049526

Abstract (Basic): WO 200049526 A1

NOVELTY - The query document is divided into element of different data types. Then, similarity search of two data types is done to obtain match results from the database for corresponding elements in data types. The match results are combined, to provide query document match results.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{USE}}$ - For searching documents similar to query document, in database.

ADVANTAGE - Allows the features of the document to be used appropriately, in a search that is properly representative of the full document.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flow chart for conducting similarity search.

pp; 20 DwgNo 2/4

Title Terms: QUERY; BASED; SIMILAR; DOCUMENT; SEARCH; METHOD; DATABASE; MANAGEMENT; CONDUCTING; SIMILAR; SEARCH; TWO; DATA; TYPE; OBTAIN; MATCH;

RESULT; DATABASE; BASED; ELEMENT; QUERY; DOCUMENT

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06T-007/00

File Segment: EPI

Inventor: BURNS R J ...

... SHARPE W

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

8/5,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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013064746 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-236618/200020

XRPX Acc No: N00-177380

System for generating, transmitting, replicating, and rebuilding in-place reconstructible software updates to a file from a source computer to a target computer

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)

Inventor: BURNS R C ; LONG D D E

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 6018747 A 20000125 US 97978550 A 19971126 200020 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97978550 A 19971126

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 6018747 A 13 G06F-017/30

Abstract (Basic): US 6018747 A

NOVELTY - The system stores the first version of the file and the updates to the first version of the file in the memory of the source computer. The first version is also stored in the memory of the target computer. The updates are then transmitted from the memory of the source computer to the memory of the target computer. The system uses these updates at the target computer to build the second version of the file in-place. The source computer discards the prior version after reconstruction.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{USE}}$ - The method generates in-place reconstructible delta files on a source computer and reconstitutes them on a target computer or computers.

ADVANTAGE - Reduces the amount of time and network bandwidth required to transmit versions of files to a computer without needing additional memory or disk space on the target computer.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(\bar{S}) - The figure shows a delta file produced by the above method.

pp; 13 DwgNo 3/6

Title Terms: SYSTEM; GENERATE; TRANSMIT; REPLICA; REBUILD; PLACE; SOFTWARE; UPDATE; FILE; SOURCE; COMPUTER; TARGET; COMPUTER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

Inventor: BURNS R C ...

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

8/5,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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008291932 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1990-178933/199023

Related WPI Acc No: 1991-007384; 1991-058424

XRPX Acc No: N90-139062

Electronic document display with annotation routines and windows - providing annotation of document through electronic stylus and tablet, keyboard and and audio assembly

Patent Assignee: WANG LAB INC (WANG

Inventor: ABRAMS K H; BURNS R S ; COLLEY R E; HARUI A J; LAKNESS D R;

LEVINE S R; RUDIS R F; BURNS R

Number of Countries: 021 Number of Patents: 010

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	App	plicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
WO 9005333	Α	19900517					199023	В
CA 2001895	Α	19900501					199026	
AU 8946294	A	19900528					199035	
EP 404893	A	19910102	EΡ	89913139	Α	19891026	199102	
JP 3503580	W	19910808					199138	
EP 404893	В1	19950222	EΡ	89913139	Α	19891026	199512	
			WO	89US4790	Α	19891026		
DE 68921336	E	19950330	DE	621336	Α	19891026	199518	
			EΡ	89913139	Α	19891026	•	
			WO	89US4790	Α	19891026		
EP 404893	A4	19930505	EΡ	89913139	Α	19890000	199526	
CA 2001895	С	19960618	CA	2001895	A	19891031	199636	
JP 2993732	B2	19991227	WO	89US4790	Α	19891026	200006	
			JP	90500081	Α	19891026		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 88265686 A 19881101 Cited Patents: Jnl.Ref; JP 59114631; JP 59125425; JP 60218128; US 4633436 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 9005333 A 2

Designated States (National): AU BR DK FI JP KP KR NO SU Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE

JP 2993732 B2 16 G06F-017/30 Previous Publ. patent JP 3503580 Based on patent WO 9005333

EP 404893 A

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LU NL SE EP 404893 B1 E 19 G06F-003/14 Based on patent WO 9005333 Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE DE 68921336 E G06F-003/14 Based on patent EP 404893

CA 2001895 C G06F-015/00

Abstract (Basic): WO 9005333 A

The apparatus has a processor for executing programs, and e display views (32) generated during execution of the programs. An annotation input device provides an input to stop performance of a program being currently executed by the processor. In response, the processor saves an image of each window currently being displayed and saves the current state of the program.

Based on patent WO 9005333

A second input annotates a saved window image through the annotation device. In response the processor annotates the saved image and then resumes execution of the program. The device may employ an electronic stylus and an electronic tablet which emulate a pencil and pad.

ADVANTAGE - Enables document to be chosen from program which supports running of multiple windows.

Dwg.2/5

Title Terms: ELECTRONIC; DOCUMENT; DISPLAY; ROUTINE; WINDOW; DOCUMENT; THROUGH; ELECTRONIC; STYLUS; TABLET; KEYBOARD; AUDIO; ASSEMBLE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-003/14; G06F-015/00; G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/00; G06F-003/033;
 G06F-012/00

File Segment: EPI

... Inventor: BURNS R S ...

... BURNS R

...International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30

8/5,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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004013200

WPI Acc No: 1984-158742/198425

XRPX Acc No: N84-117993

Cheque terminal verifying and printing method - transmitting account number and money sum to extrinsic banking facility and receiving acceptance acknowledgement from it

Patent Assignee: SILER M D (SILE-I)
Inventor: BURNS R D ; ELAM L P

Number of Countries: 007 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week A 19840607 WO 8402212 WO 83US1852 A 19831122 198425 AU 8423342 19840618 198439 Α CA 1230423 Α 19871215 198802

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 83477237 A 19830321; US 82443203 A 19821122

Cited Patents: US 3818187; US 4053735; US 4109238; US 4321672; US 4385285 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 8402212 A E 35

Designated States (National): AU CH DE GB JP SE

Abstract (Basic): WO 8402212 A

The method comprises the steps of reading a cheque account number of a purchaser by passing a cheque bearing account number information by a character reader and entering the read account number into a data memory. A personal identification number of the purchaser is entered into memory in association with the account number. The translation is verified by communicating to a verification facility the read account number and the entered personal identification number and receiving verification from it.

A money cost sum is entered into memory associated with the cost of the merchandise or services. The read account number and entered money sum is then communicated to a banking facility and upon receipt of an acknowledgement from the facility the money sum is printed on the cheque by passing the cheque by a character printer. 4/11

Title Terms: CHEQUE; TERMINAL; VERIFICATION; PRINT; METHOD; TRANSMIT; ACCOUNT; NUMBER; MONEY; SUM; EXTRINSIC; BANK; FACILITY; RECEIVE; ACCEPT; ACKNOWLEDGE

Derwent Class: T01; T04; T05

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00; G06F-015/21;

G06K-009/00 File Segment: EPI

Inventor: BURNS R D ...

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-007/00 ...

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S8
                RD (unique items)
           13
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       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Dec W2
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
File
     35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
     65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W3
File
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File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
         (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 CMP Media, LLC
File 674:Computer News Fulltext 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 IDG Communications
File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
         (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing
File 369:New Scientist 1994-2003/Dec W2
         (c) 2003 Reed Business Information Ltd.
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2003/Dec 24
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8/5/1
          (Item 1 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R) File
               2:INSPEC
(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: A2002-01-0650-001, B2002-01-7210G-002
7104621
 Title: Sensor bandwidth reduction for data capture
  Author(s): Knight, M.J.; Sutton, R.; Burns, R.S.; Jenkins, D.F.L.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Mech. & Marine Eng., Plymouth Univ., UK
  Journal: Measurement Science & Technology
                                               vol.12, no.10
  Publisher: IOP Publishing,
  Publication Date: Oct. 2001 Country of Publication: UK
  CODEN: MSTCEP ISSN: 0957-0233
  SICI: 0957-0233(200110)12:10L.n35:SBRD;1-E
  Material Identity Number: N647-2001-010
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0957-0233/2001/100035+04$30.00
  Document Number: S0957-0233(01)24684-0
  Language: English
                      Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)
  Treatment: Practical (P)
  Abstract:
             High precision
                                positioning
                                                mechanisms
                                                              with
                                                                    accurate
displacement resolutions find employment in many industrial applications.
In devices such as incremental encoders, the high resolution comes at the
expense of increased sensor bandwidth. This
                                                    design note describes a
low-cost method for implementing effective bandwidth reduction, without
reducing the achievable displacement resolution. (2 Refs)
  Subfile: A B
  Descriptors: angular measurement; data acquisition; electric sensing
devices; encoding; feedback; position control; position measurement
  Identifiers: sensor bandwidth reduction; data capture; high precision
positioning mechanisms; accurate displacement resolutions; incremental
encoders; high resolution; low-cost method; effective bandwidth reduction;
displacement resolution
  Class Codes: A0650D (Data gathering, processing, and recording, data
displays including digital techniques); A0630C (Spatial variables
measurement); A0670D (Sensing and detecting devices); B7210G (Data
acquisition systems); B7320C (Spatial variables measurement); B7230
Sensing devices and transducers)
  Copyright 2001, IEE
 8/5/2
           (Item 2 from file: 2)
DIALOG(R)File
               2:INSPEC
(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.
          INSPEC Abstract Number: B2001-02-7610-013
 Title: TechSat 21: formation design , control, and simulation
  Author(s): Burns, R.; McLaughlin, C.A.; Leitner, J.; Martin, M.
  Author Affiliation: Res. Lab., Kirtland Air Force Base, NM, USA
  Conference Title: 2000 IEEE Aerospace Conference. Proceedings (Cat.
                             p.19-25 vol.7
No.00TH8484)
                Part vol.7
  Publisher: IEEE, Piscataway, NJ, USA
Publication Date: 2000 Country
                                            of
                                                  Publication:
                                                                   USA
                                                                            7
vol.(xxviii+566+524+512+566+554+586+686) pp.
                         Material Identity Number: XX-2000-02333
  ISBN: 0 7803 5846 5
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7803 5846 5/2000/$10.00
  Conference Title: 2000 IEEE Aerospace Conference Proceedings
  Conference Sponsor: IEEE Aerosp. & Electron. Syst. Soc
  Conference Date: 18-25 March 2000
                                          Conference Location: Big Sky, MT,
USA
                        Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)
  Language: English
  Treatment: General, Review (G)
  Abstract: The satellite cluster approach to space missions requires sience and technology advances in several key areas. Among these
challenges is understanding the dynamics of satellites in close proximity
to each other so that a formation can be intelligently designed, controlled, and simulated. An overview of on-going research in this area
under the TechSat 21 program along with preliminary findings is provided.
Included in this overview is the recent progress made in the design of
formations including designs for circular formations, projected circular
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formations, and J/sub 2/ invariant formations. Strategies for formation control are presented as well as the baseline design for the TechSat 21 propulsion system. Fuel expenditure is estimated for various formations using different control strategies. The TechSat 21 mission requires relative position knowledge between satellites to the millimeter level while the radar is transmitting and receiving; concepts for meeting this requirement are also presented. In order to facilitate mission planning and gain confidence in mission success, the Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) is building an end to end simulation testbed for the TechSat 21 mission. An overview of the testbed design and functionality is provided. Focus is centered on the dynamics and control module of the testbed. The dynamics and control module utilizes high fidelity orbit propagation as the basis of the simulation of the formation dynamics. Through this simulation control algorithms, relative navigation techniques, and the effects of errors in initial conditions and control forces are investigated. (33 Refs)

Subfile: B

Descriptors: aerospace simulation; artificial satellites; military

Identifiers: simulation; satellite cluster; space missions; on-going research; circular formations; projected circular formations; J/sub 2/ invariant formations; formation control; baseline design; TechSat 21 propulsion; fuel expenditure; mission planning; Air Force Research Laboratory; simulation testbed; orbit propagation; simulation control algorithms; relative navigation; aerospace simulation

Class Codes: B7610 (General aspects of aircraft, space vehicles and satellites); B7620 (Aerospace test facilities and simulation); B7990 Other military topics)

Copyright 2001, IEE

8/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC

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INSPEC Abstract Number: A9506-6220F-006 4890121

Title: 1993 Nadai Lecture-elastoplastic stress and strain concentrations

Author(s): Sharpe, W.N., Jr.

Author Affiliation: Dept. of Mech. Eng., Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore,

Journal: Transactions of the ASME. Journal of Engineering Materials and echnology vol.117, no.1 p.1-7 Publication Date: Jan. 1995 Country of Publication: USA Technology

CODEN: JEMTA8 ISSN: 0094-4289

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0094-4289/95/\$3.00 Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: General, Review (G)

Elastic stress concentration factors are familiar and easily Abstract: incorporated into the design of components or structures through charts or finite element analysis. However when the material at the most concentrated location no longer behaves elastically, computation of the focal stresses and strains is not so easy. Local elastoplastic behavior is an especially important consideration when the loading is cyclic. This paper summarizes the predictive capability of the Neuber and the Glinka models that relate gross loading to the local stresses and strains. The author and his students have used a unique laser-based technique capable of measuring biaxial strains over very short gage lengths to evaluate the two models. Their results, as well as those from earlier studies by other researchers using foil gages, lead to the general conclusion that the Neuber model works best when the local region is in a state of plane stress and the Glinka model is best for plane strain. There are intermediate levels of constraint that are neither plane stress nor plane strain. This presents a recommended practice for predicting the local elastoplastic stresses and strains for any constraint. First, one computes or estimates the initial elastic strains. Then, based on the amount of elastic constraint one selects the appropriate model to compute the local elastoplastic stresses and strains. (35 Refs)

Subfile: A

Descriptors: elastoplasticity; finite element analysis; reviews; stress-strain relations

Identifiers: ASME 1993 Nadai Lecture; elastoplastic stress concentration; elastoplastic strain concentrations; focal stresses; unique laser-based technique

Class Codes: A6220F (Deformation and plasticity); A0260 (Numerical approximation and analysis); A0130R (Reviews and tutorial papers; resource letters)

Copyright 1995, IEE

8/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

4733237 INSPEC Abstract Number: B9409-8310E-046, C9409-1230D-217

Title: A methodology using fuzzy logic to optimize feedforward artificial neural network configurations

Author(s): Sharpe, W.N.; Mo-Yuen Chow; Briggs, S.; Windingland, L. Author Affiliation: Dept. of Electr. Eng., North Carolina State Univ., Raleigh, NC, USA

Journal: IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man and Cybernetics vol.24, no.5 p.760-8

Publication Date: May 1994 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: ISYMAW ISSN: 0018-9472

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0018-9472/94/\$04.00

Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Practical (P); Theoretical (T)

Abstract: After a problem has been formulated for solution by using artificial neural network technology, the next step is to determine the appropriate network configuration to be used in achieving a desired level of performance. Due to the real world environment and implementation constraints, different problems require different evaluation criteria such as: accuracy, training time, sensitivity, and the number of neurons used. Tradeoffs exist between these measures, and compromises are needed in order to achieve an acceptable network design. This paper presents a method using fuzzy logic techniques to adapt the current network configuration to one which is close to (if not at) the optimal configuration. The fuzzy logic provides a method of systematically changing the network configuration while simultaneously considering all of the evaluation criteria. The optimal configuration is determined by a cost function based on the evaluation criteria. The proposed methodology is applied to an elementary classifier network as an illustration. The procedure is then used to automatically configure a network used to detect incipient faults in an induction motor as a real world application. (33 Refs)

Subfile: B C

fault detection

Descriptors: fault location; feedforward neural nets; fuzzy logic; induction motors; learning (artificial intelligence); sensitivity Identifiers: fuzzy logic; feedforward artificial neural network configurations; evaluation criteria; accuracy; training time; sensitivity; optimal configuration; elementary classifier network; induction motor;

Class Codes: B8310E (Asynchronous machines); C1230D (Neural nets); C5290 (Neural computing techniques); C7410B (Power engineering)

8/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

02731470 INSPEC Abstract Number: C86049715

Title: Teaching basic skills through microcomputer assisted instruction Author(s): Bass, G.; Ries, R.; Sharpe, W.

Author Affiliation: Coll. of William & Mary, Williamsburgh, VA, USA Journal: Journal of Educational Computing Research vol.2, no.2 207-19

Publication Date: 1986 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: JERSEY ISSN: 0735-6331

Language: English Document Type: Journal Paper (JP)

Treatment: Practical (P)

Abstract: Low achieving students in grades 4-6 were given supplementary microcomputer assisted instruction in reading and mathematics. Students' performance was assessed with a pretest/posttest nonequivalent control group design using standardized achievement and affective tests. Although all microcomputer experimental groups showed statistically significant pretest/posttest gains in reading and mathematics, the control groups using conventional instructional methods also showed similar gains. Analysis of covariance of achievement gains revealed only one experimental group, sixth grade reading, to be statistically superior to the control groups' performance. No significant changes in students' attitudes toward schooling or sense of control over their own performance were detected. Implications of this study's design and findings are discussed with respect to past CAI research and present CAI school practices. (18 Refs)

Subfile: C

Descriptors: computer aided instruction; microcomputer applications Identifiers: microcomputer assisted instruction; reading; mathematics; CAI research

Class Codes: C7810C (Computer-aided instruction)

8/5/6 (Item 6 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2: INSPEC

(c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers. All rts. reserv.

01259916 INSPEC Abstract Number: B78047848, C78027453

Title: Multi-function inertial reference assembly (MIRA) update

Author(s): Burns, R.C.; Perdzock, J.M.

Author Affiliation: McDonnell Douglas Corp., St. Louis, MO, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings of the IEEE 1978 National Aerospace and Electronics Conference NAECON 78 Part II p.798-807

Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY, USA

Publication Date: 1978 Country of Publication: USA xliv+510 pp. Conference Sponsor: IEEE; American Inst. Aeronautics and Astronautics Conference Date: 16-18 May 1978 Conference Location: Dayton, OH, USA

Language: English Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)

Treatment: General, Review (G)

Abstract: Presents a summary of the preliminary assessment task studies that showed significant cost savings were potentially possible based upon projected improvements in strapped down technology. Describes the three candidate MIRA configurations chosen for further analysis leading to the selection of a single MIRA **design**. **Design** criteria for candidate evaluation are described in relation to key study **findings** in the area of performance, survivability, reliability and installation. The three candidate MIRA systems are then discussed in terms of risk estimation versus potential life cycle cost savings. (2 Refs)

Subfile: B C

Descriptors: aerospace control; aircraft instrumentation; military

Identifiers: MIRA; performance; survivability; reliability; installation; life cycle cost; multi function inertial reference assembly; design criteria

Class Codes: B7630 (Avionic systems and instrumentation); B7910 (Military circuits, components, and equipment); C3360L (Aerospace systems)

8/5/7 (Item 1 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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06309314 E.I. No: EIP03097376729

Title: Sea SLICE demonstrates multi-mission flexibility

Author: Burns, Richard F.

Source: Sea Technology v 43 n 11 November 2002. p 19-22

Publication Year: 2002

ISSN: 0093-3651

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 0303W2

Abstract: Sea SLICE technology is a patented ship design that enables small waterplane area twin-hull (SWATH) ships to operate at higher speeds without sacrificing efficiency by attaining low motion in a seaway. The key to this innovation is the reduction of wake-making drag, which is accomplished by the introduction of four submerged teardrop-shaped pods attached to the hull by short struts-the forward two pods house diesel engines which power the ship to 30 knots. This configuration enables the attainment of speeds well beyond the hump on the Froude wave resistance curve-a limiting factor in traditional surface-ship hull/propulsion design . Compact in size, high speed, superior seakeeping ability, low wake wash and modular design make Lockheed Martin's ship system the ideal candidate for many military and commercial markets. Sea SLICE's unobstructed stern, large exposed deck spaces and modular payload capability simplify payload balancing. The Sea SLICE HSV has a scalable architecture, which can reach 45 knots top speed while traveling in rough water up to sea state six. Combining a high-speed capability in high seas, Sea SLICE technology opens up a new set of options to commercial and military customers. Government applications include patrol/interdiction, search and rescue, bouy tending, oceanographic and hydrographic survey or missile satellite tracking. These types of missions need greater stability to carry out primary mission objectives, but also benefit from increased speed in reaching their destinations. Military coastal applications for Sea SLICE include command, communications and control, surveilliance and reconaissiance, missile launching, mine warfare, littoral ASW, defense against small boats, helicopter support, special operations warfare, AUV/UUV support and test range support. Ship operators want small affordable ships that perform at high speed in high seas. This technology fulfills both of these requirements and is ideal for many commercial applications. Commercial uses that require stability for both operation and passenger/crew comfort and that would benefit from getting passengers/technical specialists to their destinations quickly are potential applications. Applications include offshore support, oil response, excursion and recreation vessel and craft. The experimental joint high-speed vessel Joint Venture (HSV-XI) has been evaluating the potential of fast, shallow draft, open architecture, multi-mission vessels with large payload fractions in the areas of mine warfare, special operations, ship-to-objective maneuver, and medical and non-combatant support operations.

Descriptors: *Ship models; Hulls (ship); Drag; Military satellites; Tracking (position); Military operations

Identifiers: Small waterplane area twin-hull (SWATH) ships Classification Codes:

671.3 (Ship Models); 671.1 (Ship Design); 631.1 (Fluid Flow, General); 404.1 (Military Engineering); 655.2 (Satellites); 654.1 (Rockets & Missiles)

671 (Naval Architecture); 631 (Fluid Flow); 404 (Civil Defense & Military Engineering); 655 (Spacecraft); 654 (Rockets & Rocket Propulsion)

67 (NAVAL ARCHITECTURE & MARINE ENGINEERING); 63 (FLUID FLOW; HYDRAULICS, PNEUMATICS & VACUUM); 40 (CIVIL ENGINEERING, GENERAL); 65 (AEROSPACE ENGINEERING)

8/5/8 (Item 2 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

04604723 E.I. No: EIP97013507930

Title: Submersibles, marine technologies

Author: Burns, Richard F.

Source: Sea Technology v 37 n 12 Dec 1996. 8p

Publication Year: 1996

CODEN: SEATAD ISSN: 0093-3651

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: G; (General Review)

Journal Announcement: 9703W3

Abstract: An assessment of submersible and other marine vehicle technologies in Siberia and Russian Far East identified two institutions in Vladivostok which proved to have extensive developments. The Far Eastern State Technical University (FESTU), whose ROV technologies were mainly for hydroacoustical, magnetic and photographic work, is currently engaged in fiber optic sensors technology for ocean tomography and artificial neural networks for sensor data interpretations; while the Institute for Marine Technology Problems (IMTP) has demonstrated an AUV program that is surprisingly extensive in design capability, vision for future designs, and operational experiences. Various aspects of the technologies were evaluated including control, navigation and sensors.

Descriptors: Submersibles; Societies and institutions; Oceanography; Sonar; Fiber optic sensors; Neural networks; Inertial navigation systems; Adaptive control systems; Radio direction **finding** systems; Computer aided **design**

Identifiers: Remotely operated vehicles (ROV); Autonomous underwater vehicles (AUV); Long baseline bottom transponder positioning systems Classification Codes:

901.1.1 (Societies & Institutions); 741.1.2 (Fiber Optics)

674.1 (Small Marine Craft); 901.1 (Engineering Professional Aspects); 471.1 (Oceanography, General); 752.1 (Acoustic Devices); 741.1 (Light/Optics); 732.2 (Control Instrumentation)

674 (Other Marine Craft); 901 (Engineering Profession); 471 (Marine Science & Oceanography); 752 (Sound Equipment & Systems); 741 (Optics & Optical Devices); 732 (Control Devices)

67 (MARINE ENGINEERING); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING); 47 (OCEAN TECHNOLOGY); 75 (ACOUSTICAL TECHNOLOGY); 74 (OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY); 73 (CONTROL ENGINEERING)

8/5/9 (Item 3 from file: 8) DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R) (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc. All rts. reserv.

04572390 E.I. No: EIP96123450370

Title: Modular engine room design and construction for the strategic sealift ships

Author: Jaquith, Peter E.; Burns, Richard M.; Dunbarr, Steve E.; Fontaine, B.J.; Nelson, Harry A.; Silveira, John L.; Thompson, Tom D. Corporate Source: Natl Steel and Shipbuilding Co (NASSCO), San Diego, CA, USA

Source: Journal of Ship Production v 12 n 4 Nov 1996. p 230-243

Publication Year: 1996

CODEN: JSPREH ISSN: 8756-1417

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: G; (General Review)

Journal Announcement: 9701W5

Abstract: During the contract design phase of the Strategic Sealift New Construction Program at National Steel and Shipbuilding Company (NASSCO), an innovative Design and Build Strategy was developed to reduce the construction time and cost associated with complex engine rooms. A Concurrent Engineering team was assembled to develop the strategy, and to focus design , planning, material, and production efforts to achieve a highly modular design which allows the installation of the majority of outfit systems and equipment at the more effective Ground Outfit versus Onboard Stage. Due to facility and crane lifting constraints, a modular approach was taken in lieu of the conventional Block Outfit approach. The Design and Build Strategy resulted in rationalized system locations allowing reduced piping, electrical, and ventilation linear footage while supporting a high level of system completion at the module stage. To implement the Design and Build Strategy, a series of cross-functional teams was created to manage the project from contract design through production implementation. This paper describes the process and methods used by NASSCO to design , plan, and construct this modular Engine Room. (Author abstract) 6 Refs.

Descriptors: *Shipbuilding; Ships; Modular construction; Concurrent engineering; Strategic planning

Identifiers: Modular engine room design; Strategic sealift ships Classification Codes:

673.1 (Shipbuilding); 405.2 (Construction Methods); 723.5 (Computer Applications); 913.6 (Concurrent Engineering); 912.2 (Management) 673 (Shipbuilding & Shipyards); 674 (Other Marine Craft); 405 (Construction Equipment & Methods); 723 (Computer Software); 913 (Production Planning & Control); 912 (Industrial Engineering & Management) 67 (MARINE ENGINEERING); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 91 (ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT)

8/5/10 (Item 4 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)
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03758597 E.I. No: EIP93121144195

Title: Interactive media for communication/advertising - a feasibility study and first trial

Author: Burns, Rae; Deffner, Gerhard

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 37th Annual Meeting the Human Factors and Ergonomics Society

Conference Location: Seattle, WA, USA Conference Date: 19931011-19931015

E.I. Conference No.: 19548

Source: Designing for Diversity Proceedings of the Human Factors and Ergonomics Society v 1 1993. Publ by Human Factors and Ergonomics Society, Inc., Santa Monica, CA, USA. p 635-639

Publication Year: 1993

CODEN: PHFSDQ ISSN: 0163-5182

Language: English

Document Type: CA; (Conference Article) Treatment: A; (Applications); G; (General Review)

Journal Announcement: 9401W4

Abstract: This paper describes the development and refinement of the ?Interactive Guide**T**M', a multimedia application **designed** to explore the potential use of interactive media for communication/advertising. The domain selected for this empirical evaluation was radial keratotomy, a surgical procedure to correct nearsightedness. Starting from an analysis of patient information needs, we conducted iterative cycles of **design**, review, and testing which focused on topic selection, presentation styles and usability. Usage data and feedback from subjects have been very encouraging, pointing to the potential of this approach to establish a new style of information delivery. (Author abstract) Refs.

Descriptors: Interactive devices; Marketing; Consumer products; Information dissemination; Information retrieval systems; Man machine systems; User interfaces

Identifiers: Interactive media; Keratotomy

Classification Codes:

722.2 (Computer Peripheral Equipment); 911.4 (Marketing); 903.2 (Information Dissemination); 903.3 (Information Retrieval & Use); 461.4 (Human Engineering)

722 (Computer Hardware); 911 (Industrial Economics); 913 (Production Planning & Control); 903 (Information Science); 461 (Biotechnology) 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 91 (ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT); 90 (GENERAL ENGINEERING); 46 (BIOENGINEERING)

8/5/11 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R) File 35: Dissertation Abs Online (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01849186 ORDER NO: AADAA-I3025259

Learning the politics of ministry practice

Author: Burns, Robert Wallace

Degree: Ph.D. Year: 2001

Corporate Source/Institution: University of Georgia (0077)

Director: Ronald M. Cervero

Source: VOLUME 62/09-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 2949. 269 PAGES

Descriptors: EDUCATION, ADULT AND CONTINUING; RELIGION, CLERGY

Descriptor Codes: 0516; 0319 ISBN: 0-493-37022-6

Politics are a daily reality in the ministry. Pastors do not learn the politics of practice through the traditional methods of theological and continuing pastoral education. Adult education literature suggests that this learning takes place in the context of professional practice. In order to achieve informed practice in ministry, it is important to identify pastor's political knowledge and how they have developed this knowledge. Therefore, the purpose of this study was to understand how pastors have learned the politics of ministry practice.

Three research questions guided this study: (1) What issues frame the politics of practice in the ministry? (2) How do pastors negotiate these issues in their practice? And, (3) How have pastors learned to negotiate in their practice? The study utilized a qualitative design using semi-structured interviews with eleven demographically diverse pastors from seven states spanning the continental United States. The unit of analysis was the critical incidents they recounted from practice situations and the data was analyzed using the constant comparative method.

The **findings** of the study were that pastors in all types of ministry roles continually negotiate ministry issues within power relations and contextual frame factors. These negotiations, in turn, impact both substantive programs and the deeper metaculture of the church. Further, pastors learn negotiation in practice through reflection-in-action, reflection-on-action, mentors and models, and negative experiences.

The study provided three primary conclusions centered on the themes of the politics of practice, ministry skills, and professional learning. The first conclusion regarding the politics of practice was that negotiation is the central political action of pastors and is the ongoing, daily experience of ministry life. The second conclusion regarding ministry skills was that negotiation is a vital skill for ministry practice. The third conclusion regarding professional learning was that while it is necessary for pastors to learn the political skills of negotiation, they do not learn them until they get into practice.

8/5/12 (Item 1 from file: 202)
DIALOG(R)File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs.
(c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing. All rts. reserv.

1103915

A survey of user attitudes toward selected services offered by the colorado state university libraries.

Book Title: University Of Illinois Graduate School Of Library Science Occasional Papers. No. 121. 1975 November. Occasional Papers, Publications Office, 249 Armory Building, University Of Illinois Graduate School Of Library Science, Champaign 61820. 51 P. 14 Tab. 86

Author(s): Burns, Robert W, Jr

Corporate Source: Colorado State University Libraries, Fort Collins;

Hasty, Ronald W. Publication Date: 1975 Language: English

Document Type: Book Chapter

Record Type: Abstract Journal Announcement: 1100

This substantial publication grew out of the desire to learn of the necessity of continuing to keep statistics at a science reference desk. In the process, a well- designed questionnaire, distributed to science students and teachers at csu, shed light on library users' characteristics, habits, and services needed. The large volume of data (1955 responses, 33% return) can be studied and used in other large university libraries for opening hours policy and staffing. The serials book catalog was found to have heavy use by one-fourth of the clientele, mostly at the reference desk. Bindery policies should be re-examined due to the high fraction

(faculty 72%, students 55%) of dissatisfied patrons who fail to **find** needed volumes because they are in the bindery. An extensive literature review ends by challenging taube's views on the uselessness of library use studies. Appendices.

Classification Codes and Description: 2.04 (User and Usage Studies) Main Heading: Research Methods

8/5/13 (Item 2 from file: 202)

DIALOG(R) File 202: Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing. All rts. reserv.

0700511

The design and testing of a computerized method of handling library periodicals (title iii).

Book Title: Grant Oeg-8-9-150022-2022 (095) Mod. Bureau Br-9-h-022. 1970 December. Colorado State University, Fort Collins. 64 P. 38 Ref. Edrs: Ed-050 753; Hc \$3.29, Mf \$0.65.

Author(s): Burns, Robert W, Jr

Publication Date: 1970

Language: English

Document Type: Book Chapter

Record Type: Abstract

Journal Announcement: 0700

This research has developed a homeostatic arrival algorithm which will enable the user to anticipate the arrival of those periodicals having similar and pre-defined intervals between issue arrivals. The algorithm is based upon a data-smoothing technique which utilizes the arithmetic mean and the standard deviation coupled with the construction of a confidence interval (expectancy band) around the sample mean. Arrival time then becomes the boundary of the confidence interval. The algorithm is felt to be capable of generalization to all types of libraries and to operate independently of the geographical location of the library.

Classification Codes and Description: 7.01 (Planning, Administration) Main Heading: Libraries and Information Services

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Set
       Items
                Description
                SEARCH? OR SEEK? OR QUER? OR FIND? OR MATCH?
       424198
S1
               (DATA() ELEMENT? OR PAGE? OR DOCUMENT?) (2N) (LAYOUT? ? OR LA-
S2
         4638
            Y()OUT? OR DESIGN? OR ARRANGEMENT?)
               (ARRANG? OR LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? OR DESIGN?)(2N)(TEXT(2N)(-
S3
            IMAGE? OR PICTURE?))
          114 S1(5N)(S2 OR S3)
S4
                S4 AND IC=G06F-017?
S5
          77
               S5 AND MC=T01-J05B?
S6
          59
s7
           8
              S6 AND (LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT?)
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Aug (Updated 031202)
         (c) 2003 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD, UM &UP=200382
         (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent
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(Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
015324282
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-385217/200337
XRPX Acc No: N03-307673
   Document layout apparatus searches pause of character string in
  text file and sets character strings before and after the pause as string
 blocks, that are assigned to preset allocation frames
Patent Assignee: SEIKO EPSON CORP (SHIH )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                    Date
                                                             Week
JP 2003044464 A 20030214 JP 2001231934 A 20010731 200337 B
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2001231934 A 20010731
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
JP 2003044464 A
                   11 G06F-017/21
Abstract (Basic): JP 2003044464 A
        NOVELTY - The pause of a character string in a text file is
    searched and the character strings before and after the pause is setup
    as two character string blocks with mutually different references. The
    character string blocks are matched and allocated to preset allocation
    frames.
        DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for
    document layout program.
        USE - For editing layout of document.
        ADVANTAGE - Simplifies the document layout operation by assigning
    the character string blocks to preset allocation frames.
    DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a flowchart explaining the document layout process. (Drawing includes non-English language
    text).
        pp; 11 DwgNo 1/10
Title Terms: DOCUMENT; LAYOUT; APPARATUS; SEARCH; PAUSE; CHARACTER;
  STRING; TEXT; FILE; SET; CHARACTER; STRING; AFTER; PAUSE; STRING; BLOCK;
  ASSIGN; PRESET; ALLOCATE; FRAME
Derwent Class: P75; T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/21
International Patent Class (Additional): B41J-005/30
File Segment: EPI; EngPI
           (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
             **Image available**
014796679
WPI Acc No: 2002-617385/200266
XRPX Acc No: NO2-488584
 Document searching system searches document page based on rectangle in
  graphic pattern representing page
Patent Assignee: NEC CORP (NIDE )
Inventor: SHIRAI A
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
             Kind
Patent No
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                    Date
                                                             Week
US 20020078098 A1 20020620 US 200120415
                                             Α
                                                  20011218 200266 B
JP 2002183166 A
                   20020628 JP 2000385461
                                                  20001219
                                             Α
                                                            200266
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 2000385461 A 20001219
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                                     Filing Notes
                         Main IPC
US 20020078098 A1 23 G06F-015/00
                   13 G06F-017/30
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JP 2002183166 A

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Abstract (Basic): US 20020078098 A1
       NOVELTY - A command input unit (104) gives a command to search
   document page which is designated as a graphic pattern based on
   rectangle in a frame in the graphic pattern. A CPU (107) classifies the
   rectangle based on the layout classification criteria. An image
   display unit (102) displays the page which is searched based on the
   rectangle classified by the CPU.
       DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the
   following:
        (1) Document filing method; and
        (2) Recording medium storing document searching program.
       USE - Document searching system.
       ADVANTAGE - Automatically provides layout of the document and
   colors of rectangles in graphical layout as search conditions, hence
   users are relieved of the process of inputting keywords as searching
   conditions.
       DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the block diagram of
   the arrangement of document searching system.
       Image display unit (102)
       Command input unit (104)
       CPU (107)
       pp; 23 DwgNo 1/14
Title Terms: DOCUMENT; SEARCH; SYSTEM; SEARCH; DOCUMENT; PAGE; BASED;
 RECTANGLE; GRAPHIC; PATTERN; REPRESENT; PAGE
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/00; G06F-017/30
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-003/14; G06T-001/00;
 G06T-007/00; G06T-007/40
File Segment: EPI
7/5/3
           (Item 3 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
014081654
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-565868/200163
XRPX Acc No: N01-421339
 Article ordering and dispatching method for online mail order - by
  transmitting order to manufacture or supplier and printing documents in
  layout of seller for matching at manufacturer or supplier with
 finished articles
Patent Assignee: SIEMENS PRODN & LOGISTICS SYSTEMS AG (SIEI )
Inventor: REICH K; ROSENBAUM W
Number of Countries: 023 Number of Patents: 003
Patent Family:
Patent No
            Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
WO 200171576 A2 20010927
                                                20010316
                            WO 2001DE1035
                                                          200163 B
                                          Α
AU 200146382 A
                  20011003 AU 200146382
                                                20010316
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                                                          200210
EP 1266329
            A2 20021218 EP 2001919211
                                            Α
                                                20010316
                                                          200301
                            WO 2001DE1035
                                           Α
                                                20010316
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Priority Applications (No Type Date): DE 1013497 A 20000320 Cited Patents: No-SR.Pub

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 200171576 A2 G 9 G06F-017/60

Designated States (National): AU CA US

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR

AU 200146382 A G06F-017/60 Based on patent WO 200171576

EP 1266329 A2 G G06F-017/60 Based on patent WO 200171576 Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE TR

Abstract (Basic): WO 200171576 A

A buyer (1) transmits a purchase order via an electronic network to an online seller (2), who registers and stores the order. An order is

transmitted by the online seller via an electronic network to one or more manufactures or suppliers (3), with data for identifying the purchase order. A request to print labels and billing documents of the online seller is transmitted to a print centre (4).

The printed documents are sent in covers having the appropriate identification marks to the suppliers or manufacturers (3). The ordered articles are produced and combined with the printed documents at the manufacturer or supplier, and a parcel is made up in the <code>layout</code> of the online seller for sending to the buyer.

USE - E-commerce.

ADVANTAGE - Allows online retailer to deliver article to customer, with packaging, billing, addressing and information provided in retailer's layout, even if article is not in retailer's own stock.

Dwg.1/1

Title Terms: ARTICLE; ORDER; DISPATCH; METHOD; MAIL; ORDER; TRANSMIT; ORDER; MANUFACTURE; SUPPLY; PRINT; DOCUMENT; LAYOUT; MATCH; MANUFACTURE; SUPPLY; FINISH; ARTICLE

Derwent Class: T01; T04; T05

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/60

File Segment: EPI

7/5/4 (Item 4 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013009108 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2000-180960/200016

XRPX Acc No: N00-133469

Document image database search method for managing and searching large document databases, uses layout attributes generated from the pages of the document to provide a search criteria

Patent Assignee: XEROX CORP (XERO)

Inventor: BLOMBERG J L; MAHONEY J V; SHIN C K; TRIGG R H

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5999664 19991207 US 97971022 Α A 19971114 200016 JP 11224345 Α 19990817 JP 98322580 Α 19981112

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97971022 A 19971114

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5999664 A 42 G06K-009/54 JP 11224345 A 38 G06T-011/60

Abstract (Basic): US 5999664 A

NOVELTY - Each page image (226) of a document, is segmented into one or more layout objects (238), e.g. text blocks, graphics, and image attributes (240) are computed for each object. Attributes (240) are used to describe the layout structure of a document page (226) and can be used to search the database for particular document types.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

(a) a machine readable program storage device containing a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a document search;(A document management system for searching a database of document images.

USE - For managing and searching large document databases. in particular, where documents can not be identified by simple text based searches, e.g. where images may be scanned images of hardcopy documents or images derived from Portable Document Formats or Postscript (RTM).

ADVANTAGE - The addition of a search engine based on document layout can improve the speed of searches, improving the process of searching, summarizing, sorting and transmitting documents. The analysis of a page to determine attributes does not rely on character recognition or any understanding of the page or document textual content.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure illustrates the manner in which document image data is arranged in the file system. Document page image ((238) Layout objects ((240) Attributes. pp; 42 DwqNo 3/25 Title Terms: DOCUMENT; IMAGE; DATABASE; SEARCH; METHOD; MANAGE; SEARCH; DOCUMENT; LAYOUT; ATTRIBUTE; GENERATE; PAGE; DOCUMENT; SEARCH; CRITERIA Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06K-009/54; G06T-011/60 International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/30; G06T-001/00; G06T-007/00 File Segment: EPI 7/5/5 (Item 5 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 012727694 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1999-533807/199945 XRPX Acc No: N99-396512 Search apparatus for hierarchical search of document image - includes motif hue document image search section and sensitivity document image search section for searching motif hue document image and sensitivity document image, respectively Patent Assignee: FUJI XEROX CO LTD (XERF) Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Kind Patent No Date Applicat No Kind Date Week JP 11232288 A 19990827 JP 9831069 19980213 199945 B Α Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 9831069 A 19980213 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 11232288 A 12 G06F-017/30 Abstract (Basic): JP 11232288 A NOVELTY - Composition document image search section (10) searches composition document image (11) with composition corresponding to sensitivity of search word within search document image. Hue document image search section (20) searches hue document image (21a) with hue corresponding to search word within hue composition (21). DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Motif layout document image (31a) is searched with motif layout of search word within motif layout composition (31). Motif hue document image search section (40) searches motif hue document image (41a) with motif hue of search word within motif hue composition (41). Sensitivity document image (51a) is then searched with column corresponding to search word within column composition. USE - For hierarchical search of document image. ADVANTAGE - Since search is in accord with search on interactive target is enabled, improvement in search efficiency and search accuracy is achieved. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows theoretical diagram of search apparatus. (10) Composition document image search section; (11) Composition document image; (20) Hue document image search section; (21) Hue composition; (21a) Hue document image; (31) Motif layout composition; (31a) Motif layout document image; (40) Motif hue document image search section; (41) Motif hue composition; (41a) Motif hue document image; (51a) Sensitivity document image. Dwg.1/18Title Terms: SEARCH; APPARATUS; HIERARCHY; SEARCH; DOCUMENT; IMAGE; MOTIF; HUE; DOCUMENT; IMAGE; SEARCH; SECTION; SENSITIVE; DOCUMENT; IMAGE; SEARCH ; SECTION; SEARCH; MOTIF; HUE; DOCUMENT; IMAGE; SENSITIVE; DOCUMENT; IMAGE; RESPECTIVE Derwent Class: T01 International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30 International Patent Class (Additional): G06T-001/00

File Segment: EPI

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(Item 6 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
             **Image available**
012055171
WPI Acc No: 1998-472082/199841
XRPX Acc No: N98-368385
  Information processor for word processor, DTP, PC, electronic translator
  - compares layout information specified by input search condition with
  layout information stored in memory and applies corresponding layout
  to input document
Patent Assignee: SHARP KK (SHAF )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                          Kind
                                                   Date
                                                            Week
JP 10198695
             A 19980731 JP 973405
                                            Α
                                                 19970113 199841 B
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 973405 A 19970113
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
JP 10198695
                     9 G06F-017/30
             Α
Abstract (Basic): JP 10198695 A
        The information processor accepts document information through an
    input unit like a pen (20). The input document is stored in memory and
    a layout information generator generates the corresponding document
    layout information which is also stored in a memory.
    A search condition layout information unit initiates a search operation. The layout information specified by input search
    condition is compared with the document layout information in the
    memory and the corresponding layout is applied to the document.
        ADVANTAGE - Simplifies document research.
        Dwg.1/12
Title Terms: INFORMATION; PROCESSOR; WORD; PROCESSOR; ELECTRONIC;
  TRANSLATION; COMPARE; LAYOUT; INFORMATION; SPECIFIED; INPUT; SEARCH;
  CONDITION; LAYOUT; INFORMATION; STORAGE; MEMORY; APPLY; CORRESPOND;
  LAYOUT ; INPUT; DOCUMENT
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/21
File Segment: EPI
           (Item 7 from file: 350)
 7/5/7
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
             **Image available**
012006901
WPI Acc No: 1998-423811/199836
XRPX Acc No: N98-331108
  Document filing apparatus for wordprocessor - has second calculation unit
  to calculate priority of search result in text search unit, each time
  search demand is input, and relative character size
Patent Assignee: FUJI XEROX CO LTD (XERF )
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
                     Date
                             Applicat No
              Kind
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
                                                            Week
JP 10177641
                   19980630 JP 96338319
                                                 19961218 199836 B
                                            Α
              Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 96338319 A 19961218
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                                     Filing Notes
                       Main IPC
                   6 G06T-001/00
JP 10177641 A
Abstract (Basic): JP 10177641 A
        The apparatus stores documents as image data in a database (4). A
```

search demand input unit (5) receives a search demand. A text search

unit (6) searches the document image database according to the search demand. An extract unit (1) extracts the text area from the document. A character recognition unit (2) recognizes the character included in the extracted text area and outputs a character coding row and size of each character. A first calculation unit (3) calculates the relative size of each recognized character.

The database matches and stores the document image, the character coding row and the relative character size. A second calculation unit (7) calculates the priority of the search result in the text search unit and the relative character size. A search result output unit (8) outputs the search result according to priority.

ADVANTAGE - Displays documents using multiple layouts . Performs search easily.

Dwg.1/8

Title Terms: DOCUMENT; FILE; APPARATUS; SECOND; CALCULATE; UNIT; CALCULATE; PRIORITY; SEARCH; RESULT; TEXT; SEARCH; UNIT; TIME; SEARCH; DEMAND; INPUT ; RELATIVE; CHARACTER; SIZE

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06T-001/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/30

File Segment: EPI

7/5/8 (Item 8 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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Image available WPI Acc No: 1998-155783/199814 XRPX Acc No: N98-124409

Document filing apparatus which electronically processes document data has logic structure extractor that duplicates layout of logic structure unit during reuse of document and whose layout duplication information are matched and stored in database by structurising information generator

Patent Assignee: NEC CORP (NIDE)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Kind Patent No Kind Applicat No Date Week Date JP 10027237 19980127 JP 96197031 19960708 199814 B Α Α

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 96197031 A 19960708 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 10027237 A 8 G06T-001/00

Abstract (Basic): JP 10027237 A

The apparatus has a data entry device (1) that outputs document data showing an image, after reading a document. A layout information extractor (2) obtains the layout information on each character in the scanned document based on the document data output. A character recognising circuit (3) identifies each character in the document and outputs a character code according to the document data output.

A logic structure unit e.g. paragraph existing in the document is obtained by a logic structure extractor (4) based on the extracted layout information and character code. The logic structure extractor specifies various logic structure units. During the reuse of the document, the layout of the extracted logic structure unit is duplicated by the logic structure extractor based on the character code existing in the logic structure unit. The obtained layout duplication information are matched and stored in a database (6) by a structurising information generator (5).

ADVANTAGE - Enables duplicating original layout during reuse of document even if character in document is coded. Reduces storage capacity of database since size of stored data is decreased.

Dwq.1/9

Title Terms: DOCUMENT; FILE; APPARATUS; ELECTRONIC; PROCESS; DOCUMENT; DATA ; LOGIC; STRUCTURE; EXTRACT; DUPLICATE; LAYOUT ; LOGIC; STRUCTURE; UNIT;

REUSE; DOCUMENT; LAYOUT; DUPLICATE; INFORMATION; MATCH; STORAGE;

DATABASE; STRUCTURE; INFORMATION; GENERATOR

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06T-001/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/21; G06F-017/30;

G06F-019/00

File Segment: EPI

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15/5/1
            (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
009166454
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1992-293888/199236
Related WPI Acc No: 1992-292693
XRPX Acc No: N92-225137
  Full tex document database search system - provides hierarchical
  presearch type document retrieval incorporating component character table
  creation and search facilities for term searching and full document
  retrieval
Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA )
Inventor: ASAKAWA S; FUJISAWA H; HATAKEYAMA A; KATO K; KAWAGUCHI H;
  MINEGISHI N; TADA K
Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 011
Patent Family:
                   Date
Patent No
              Kind
                             Applicat No
                                             Kind
                                                    Date
                                                             Week
EP 501416
              A2 19920902 EP 92103168
                                                  19920225
                                             Α
                                                            199236
EP 501416
               A3 19940105 EP 92103168
                                              Α
                                                  19920225
                                                            199516
US 5469354
               Α
                   19951121 US 90555483
                                              Α
                                                  19900809
                                                            199601
                             US 92843162
                                              Α
                                                  19920228
EP 501416
               В1
                  20000510 EP 92103168
                                              Α
                                                  19920225
                                                            200027
DE 69231013
               Ε
                   20000615 DE 631013
                                              Α
                                                  19920225
                                                            200036
                             EP 92103168
                                              Α
                                                  19920225
JP 2001202388 A
                   20010727
                             JP 9158311
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                                                            200148
                              JP 2000375505
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
JP 3220865
               B2
                   20011022
                             JP 9158311
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                                                            200169
                             JP 9158311
JP 2001344282 A
                   20011214
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                                                            200214
                             JP 200164336
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                   20020311
                             JP 91342695
JP 3263963
               B2
                                              Α
                                                  19911225
                                                            200220
JP 3303881
               В2
                   20020722
                             JP 9158311
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                                                            200254
                             JP 200164336
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
JP 3376996
                   20030217
                             JP 9158311
               B2
                                              Α
                                                  19910228
                                                            200316
                             JP 2000375505
                                            Α
                                                  19910228
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 91342695 A 19911225; JP 9158311 A 19910228; JP 2000375505 A 19910228; JP 200164336 A 19910228
Cited Patents: No-SR.Pub; 1.Jnl.Ref; EP 437615; JP 63198124; WO 9016036
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                      Filing Notes
EP 501416
              A2 E 128 G06F-015/403
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
EP 501416
              AЗ
                       G06F-015/403
US 5469354
              Α
                    99 G06F-017/21
                                      CIP of application US 90555483
                                      CIP of patent US 5168533
EP 501416
              B1 E
                       G06F-017/30
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
DE 69231013
              Ε
                       G06F-017/30
                                     Based on patent EP 501416
                    24 G06F-017/30
JP 2001202388 A
                                      Div ex application JP 9158311
JP 3220865
                    19 G06F-017/30
              B2
                                      Previous Publ. patent JP 4274557
                    27 G06F-017/30
JP 2001344282 A
                                      Div ex application JP 9158311
```

Abstract (Basic): EP 501416 A

В2

B2

B2

36 G06F-017/30

27 G06F-017/30

22 G06F-017/30

JP 3263963

JP 3303881

JP 3376996

Condensed texts (104) are created by **decomposing** textual character strings and checked to eliminate duplicate character strings. A component character table (105) registers characters occuring in each condensed text. The condensed texts and table are held in database together with texts of documents to be registered.

Previous Publ. patent JP 5174064

Previous Publ. patent JP 2001344282

Previous Publ. patent JP 2001202388

Div ex application JP 9158311

Div ex application JP 9158311

Upon retrieval, a component character table **search** is followed by a condensed text **search** to extract documents corresponding to condensed texts containing requested fragmental character strings. A text body **search** then extracts a document against a **query** condition

```
imposed on a search term.
         USE/ADVANTAGE - Search and retrieval of full text on basis of
    designated character string. Fast retrieval processing operates on
    hiragana, kanji and other character strings.
        Dwq.1/68
Title Terms: FULL; TEX; DOCUMENT; DATABASE; SEARCH; SYSTEM; HIERARCHY;
  TYPE; DOCUMENT; RETRIEVAL; INCORPORATE; COMPONENT; CHARACTER; TABLE;
  CREATION; SEARCH; FACILITY; TERM; SEARCH; FULL; DOCUMENT; RETRIEVAL
Index Terms/Additional Words: HIRIGA NA KAN JIFull ; KANJI
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/403; G06F-017/21;
  G06F-017/30
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-017/40
File Segment: EPI
 15/5/2
            (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
007977746
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1989-242858/198934
XRPX Acc No: N89-185127
 Multi-element document editing method - deriving relationships between
  and determining layout of different elements and processing document
  in accordance with layout
Patent Assignee: TOSHIBA KK (TOKE )
Inventor: DOI M; FUKUI M; IWAI I; TAKEBAYASHI Y; FUKUI ; IWAI S; TAKEBAYAS
Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
EP 328900
              A 19890823
                            EP 89101096
                                            A
                                                19890123
                                                          198934
US 5179650
                  19930112 US 89299337
                                                19890123
              Α
                                            Α
                                                19910315
                             US 91670481
                                            Α
                             US 92860119
                                                19920331
                                            Α
EP 328900
              A3 19920102
                            EP 89101096
                                            Α
                                                19890123
                                                          199320
EP 328900
                  19970326 EP 89101096
              В1
                                            Α
                                                19890123
                                                          199717
                  19970430 DE 627897
DE 68927897
              E
                                            Α
                                                19890123
                                                          199723
                            EP 89101096
                                            A
                                                19890123
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 889586 A 19880121
Cited Patents: No-SR.Pub; 1.Jnl.Ref; EP 250677; JP 60136861
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
EP 328900
            A E 24
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
US 5179650
             Α
                   23 G06F-015/20
                                    Cont of application US 89299337
                                    Cont of application US 91670481
              B1 E 27 G06F-017/21
EP 328900
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
                      G06F-017/21
DE 68927897
            E
                                   Based on patent EP 328900
Abstract (Basic): EP 328900 A
        The method includes the steps of extracting characteristic
    quantities which characterises different elements of the document,
    deriving relationships among the different elements of the document
   vin accordance with the characteristic quantities, determining layout of
    the different elements of the document in accordance with the
    relationships, and processing document in accordance with the layout.
        physical characteristics, structural characteristics, and
    denotative characteristics. The relationships includes at least one of
   physical relationships, structural relationships, denotative
    relationships, and referential relationships.
        ADVANTAGE - Produces satisfactorily well ordered document
    automatically. (24pp Dwg.No. 1/20
Title Terms: MULTI; ELEMENT; DOCUMENT; EDIT; METHOD; DERIVATIVE; RELATED;
  DETERMINE; LAYOUT; ELEMENT; PROCESS; DOCUMENT; ACCORD; LAYOUT
```

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/20; G06F-017/21

International Patent Class (Additional): G06T-011/60

File Segment: EPI

15/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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Image available 02286380

IMAGE DATA PROCESSING UNIT

62-203280 [JP 62203280 A] PUB. NO.: PUBLISHED: September 07, 1987 (19870907)

INVENTOR(s): ASABA SHOJI

APPLICANT(s): MATSUSHITA GRAPHIC COMMUN SYST INC [330729] (A Japanese

Company or Corporation), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 61-045593 [JP 8645593] FILED: March 03, 1986 (19860303)

INTL CLASS: [4] G06F-015/62

JAPIO CLASS: 45.4 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Computer Applications) JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 670, Vol. 12, No. 62, Pg. 10,

February 25, 1988 (19880225)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To prevent picture data of an overlapped part from being managed overlappedly in block segmentation by splitting plural overlapped blocks into plural blocks having no overlapping for management.

CONSTITUTION: Plural blocks are **split** into small blocks having no overlapping based on a detection signal from an overlapping detection section 33 and position information from a position information memory 31 and the result is subjected to document layout by a block splitting /forming section 34, and an output selection section 35 selecting whether simle block information is outputted in response to an output from the section 33 or the **split** block information is outputted is provided. Then the form of overlapping is checked based on the position information of the block, and the plural blocks are split into small blocks having no overlapping in matching with the type of overlapping and the proper document layout is decided. Moreover, a prescribed small block is assigned to a prescribed position of the document layout and formed.

(Item 4 from file: 347) 15/5/4

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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01019683 **Image available** BUFFER MANAGING SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 57-169983 [JP 57169983 A] October 19, 1982 (19821019) PUBLISHED:

INVENTOR(s): NAKADA TERUO

SATO HIDEKI IZUMIDA YOSHIO

APPLICANT(s): FUJITSU LTD [000522] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 56-048541 [JP 8148541] March 31, 1981 (19810331) FILED: [3] G11C-009/06; G06F-013/00 INTL CLASS:

JAPIO CLASS: 45.2 (INFORMATION PROCESSING -- Memory Units)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 169, Vol. 07, No. 15, Pg. 96, January

21, 1983 (19830121)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To increase the buffer search speed, by dividing a buffer CUE into various types and controlling buffers split into an assembly of the buffer CUE.

CONSTITUTION: A bash processing section 1 of a main storage according to the page number makes a specified function calculation, determines the entry address, accesses a hash table 2 and reads out the corresponding entry. Then, CUEs 13-17 according to the entry are selected with a FREE circuit 12 making transfer control of buffers unnecessary for the presence of the main storage, a GET circuit 10 transferring a disuse buffer area 4, and a PUT circuit 11 making effective for the renewal, via a non-use buffer CUE head location information 9, when the allocation and designated page to buffer CUEs 13, 16 for renewal in reference, non-renewal in reference, renewal in non-reference, and non-renewal in non-reference, of a buffer area 3 in use for various types split via head location information storage sections 5-8 is not in the main storage section and the buffer in partial set is controlled at each CUE. Thus, the search for unnecessary part is not made and the search speed can be increased.

```
Set
        Items
                Description
                SEARCH? OR SEEK? OR QUER? OR FIND? OR MATCH?
S1
      3249565
S2
                (DATA()ELEMENT? OR PAGE? OR DOCUMENT?) (N) (LAYOUT? ? OR LAY-
         5576
             ()OUT? OR DESIGN OR DESIGNS OR DESIGNED OR ARRANGEMENT?)
S3
           90
                (ARRANG? OR LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? OR DESIGN?)(2N)(TEXT(2N)(-
             IMAGE? OR PICTURE?))
                DECOMPOS? OR DECONSTRUCT? OR DISASSEMB? OR REASSEMB? OR DE-
S4
             ASSEMB? OR SPLIT? OR BREAK?() (UP OR DOWN)
S5
        49969
                (DIFFERENT? OR SEPARATE? OR VARIOUS? OR VARIET?) (2N) (ELEME-
             NT? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()TYPE?)
       133439
               LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? ?
S6
                S1 AND (S2 OR S3) AND (S4 OR S5)
S7
           28
                S1(3N)(S2 OR S3)
S8
           54
S9
          898
                S1(2N)S6
           75
                S9 AND (DOCUMENT? OR PAGE? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()(TYPE OR -
S10
             ELEMENT?) OR DATAELEMENT?)
S11
           18
                S8 AND S6
                S11 OR S8 OR S7
S12
           82
                RD (unique items)
S13
           68
                S13 NOT PY>2000
S14
           51
                S14 NOT PD>20000215
           50
S15
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Dec W2
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
     35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Nov
File
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
         (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing
     65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W3
File
         (c) 2003 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
       2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2003/Dec 22
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 233:Internet & Personal Comp. Abs. 1981-2003/Jul
         (c) 2003, EBSCO Pub.
File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Dec W2
         (c) 2003 INIST/CNRS
     34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Dec W3
File
         (c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info
File
     62:SPIN(R) 1975-2003/Nov W1
         (c) 2003 American Institute of Physics
File
     99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co.
     95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK
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Description
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S2
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S4
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                (DIFFERENT? OR SEPARATE? OR VARIOUS? OR VARIET?) (2N) (ELEME-
S5
        49969
             NT? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()TYPE?)
       133439
               LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? ?
S6
                S1 AND (S2 OR S3) AND (S4 OR S5)
S7
           28
S8
           54
                S1(3N)(S2 OR S3)
S9
          898
                S1(2N)S6
           75
                S9 AND (DOCUMENT? OR PAGE? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()(TYPE OR -
S10
             ELEMENT?) OR DATAELEMENT?)
S11
                S8 AND S6
           18
                S11 OR S8 OR S7
S12
           82
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S13
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                S13 NOT PY>2000
S14
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           50
                S14 NOT PD>20000215
S15
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Dec W2
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Nov
File
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 202: Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
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      65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W3
File
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       2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Dec W1
File
         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Dec W3
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File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2003/Dec 22
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 233: Internet & Personal Comp. Abs. 1981-2003/Jul
         (c) 2003, EBSCO Pub.
File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Dec W2
         (c) 2003 INIST/CNRS
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info
      62:SPIN(R) 1975-2003/Nov W1
File
         (c) 2003 American Institute of Physics
File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co.
File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK
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Set
        Items
                Description
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S1
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                (DATA() ELEMENT? OR PAGE? OR DOCUMENT?) (N) (LAYOUT? ? OR LAY-
Ş2
         5576
             ()OUT? OR DESIGN OR DESIGNS OR DESIGNED OR ARRANGEMENT?)
           90
                (ARRANG? OR LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? OR DESIGN?)(2N)(TEXT(2N)(-
S3
             IMAGE? OR PICTURE?))
       907320
S4
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             ASSEMB? OR SPLIT? OR BREAK?()(UP OR DOWN)
                (DIFFERENT? OR SEPARATE? OR VARIOUS? OR VARIET?) (2N) (ELEME-
$5
        49969
             NT? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()TYPE?)
               LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? ?
       133439
S6
                S1 AND (S2 OR S3) AND (S4 OR S5)
Ş7
           28
$8
           54
                S1(3N)(S2 OR S3)
          898
S9
                S1(2N)S6
S10
           75
                S9 AND (DOCUMENT? OR PAGE? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()(TYPE OR ~
            ELEMENT?) OR DATAELEMENT?)
S11
                S8 AND S6
           18
S12
           82
                S11 OR S8 OR S7
                RD (unique items)
S13
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S14
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                S13 NOT PY>2000
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       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Dec W2
File
         (c) 2003 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Nov
File
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
File 202:Info. Sci. & Tech. Abs. 1966-2003/Nov 17
         (c) 2003 EBSCO Publishing
     65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File
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         (c) 2003 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2003/Dec 22
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 233:Internet & Personal Comp. Abs. 1981-2003/Jul
         (c) 2003, EBSCO Pub.
File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Dec W2
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     34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Dec W3
File
         (c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info
      62:SPIN(R) 1975-2003/Nov W1
File
         (c) 2003 American Institute of Physics
File
     99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co.
File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK
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(Item 3 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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04812532 E.I. No: EIP97093813635

Title: Chinese document layout analysis based on adaptive split -and-merge and qualitative spatial reasoning

Author: Liu, Jiming; Tang, Yuan Y.; Suen, Ching Y. Corporate Source: Hong Kong Baptist Univ, Hong Kong

Source: Pattern Recognition v 30 n 8 Aug 1997. p 1265-1278

Publication Year: 1997

CODEN: PTNRA8 ISSN: 0031-3203

Language: English

Document Type: JA; (Journal Article) Treatment: T; (Theoretical)

Journal Announcement: 9710W5

Abstract: The ultimate goal of automatic document processing is to understand the semantics of a document. Towards such an end, one of the primary enabling steps has been to first reason about the layout of the document by means of page segmentation and segment spatial reasoning or labeling. This, in turn, allows for the derivation of document logical organization. This paper describes a generic document segmentation and geometric relation labeling method with applications to Chinese document analysis. Unlike the previous document segmentation methods where text spacing, border lines, and/or a priori layout models based on template matching processing are performed, the present method begins with a hierarchy of partitioned image layers where inhomogeneous higher-level regions are recursively partitioned into lower-level rectangular subregions and at the same time lower-level smaller homogeneous regions are merged into larger homogeneous regions. Furthermore, the derived segment data structure readily enables efficient search for geometric relationships between identified document segments. (Author abstract) 33 Refs.

Descriptors: *Optical character recognition; Image segmentation; Algorithms; Image analysis; Data structures; Merging

Identifiers: Document layout analysis; Geometric relation labeling method

Classification Codes:

741.1 (Light/Optics); 723.2 (Data Processing)

741 (Optics & Optical Devices); 723 (Computer Software); 921 (Applied Mathematics)

74 (OPTICAL TECHNOLOGY); 72 (COMPUTERS & DATA PROCESSING); 92 (ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS)

15/5/13 (Item 1 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
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01600269 ORDER NO: AAD98-03179

THE MANAGEMENT OF DESIGN INFORMATION: A DECISION-ANALYTIC APPROACH (SMART DRAWINGS)

Author: DONG, ANDY AN-SI

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1997

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (0028)

Chair: ALICE M. AGOGINO

Source: VOLUME 58/07-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 3880. 249 PAGES

Descriptors: ENGINEERING, MECHANICAL; INFORMATION SCIENCE;

ENGINEERING, INDUSTRIAL

Descriptor Codes: 0548; 0723; 0546

This dissertation describes the development of the Mechanical Design Language Interpreter, an autonomous decision-making system that is situated in dynamic design environments over extended periods of time and entrusted with the task of managing and retrieving design information. The system orchestrates information resource management in collaborative design by employing a design information infrastructure consisting of "smart drawings" and a decision-analytic machinery enriched with a learned model of the design. The system learns an extensional model of the mechanical by processing, over the lifetime of the design cycle, streams of information communicated by the designers in the form of full-text documentation. The analytical machinery of decision-making uses the measure of expected value of perfect information (EVPI) to make design-time decisions about the ideal questions to pose of the system to optimize the retrieval of useful information.

The fundamental proposition of this research program focuses on constructing a formal methodology to learn an approximate textual model of the design and to perform inference over that model to ascertain the functional specification and **decomposition** of the design. The model permits the agent to engage in an effective dialogue with the designers. To build the model, the general goal is to extract relationships between the features and functions of the design from documents generated by the engineers. Inferring relationships between the features binds together disparate pieces of information comprising the design, into complex **design**

documents called "smart drawings." The system includes: a natural language processing component which parses design documents into keywords or phrases; a clustering algorithm which organizes the keywords or phrases into groups which describe principal features of the design; techniques for applying belief networks to the task of learning the decomposition of the design and inferring the mutual impact of components or functions of the design; and an expected value of perfect information engine to augment retrieval requests by identifying the most valuable search variables.

By learning the content of **design documents** and assisting engineers in understanding the design through semi-autonomous interpretation of information, the mechanical design language interpreter fits into a part of a larger computer-supported collaborative work enterprise supporting incremental addition of content, interaction with the user and with other tools, and reuse of content according to the preferences of the engineer.

15/5/14 (Item 2 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online

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01473738 ORDER NO: AADAA-19609607

DOCUMENT LAYOUT ANALYSIS USING RECURSIVE MORPHOLOGICAL TRANSFORMS (TEXT SKEW, WORD SEGMENTATION, OBJECT SPATIAL ANALYSIS)

Author: CHEN, SU Degree: PH.D. Year: 1995

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON (0250)

Chairperson: ROBERT M. HARALICK

Source: VOLUME 56/12-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 6940. 202 PAGES

Descriptors: ENGINEERING, ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICAL; COMPUTER SCIENCE

Descriptor Codes: 0544; 0984

The aim of this study is to apply solid statistical methods to systematically model and extract various layout structures on document images, such as words, text lines and text blocks.

We first establish the computation theory of the recursive morphological transforms, namely the recursive erosion transform, the recursive dilation transform, the recursive opening transform, and the recursive closing transform. The transforms serve as a set of powerful tools for the document image shape analysis.

Then we describe our efforts to construct a series of carefully ground-truthed document image databases, such as the UW English document image database (I). The database offers a platform based on which we can develop, train and evaluate our **document layout** analysis system.

We present three sub-components of our **document layout** analysis system. They are the text skew estimation, the word segmentation, and the object spatial analysis:

The text skew estimation **finds** the text skew angle of a document image. We develop an automatic text skew estimation algorithm using the recursive opening and closing transforms. It computes the estimated text skew angles which are within 0.5\$\sp\circ\$ of the true text skew angles with a probability of 0.95 on real images.

The word segmentation detects all the words on a document image. We describe a word segmentation algorithm that utilizes the recursive closing transform. We derive the quantitative measures, such as the rates of miss, false, correct, **splitting**, merging and spurious detections, to evaluate its performance. The results show that the algorithm correctly detects the words on a document image at a rate of about 95%.

The object spatial analysis treats the detected words as atomic and employs a probabilistic linear displacement model (PLDM) and an augmented PLDM model to model and extract the text lines and text blocks in a document image. By gathering statistics from a large population of document images, we are able to validate our models and determine the proper model parameters. The correct text line and text block detection rates are about 92% and 81% respectively.

15/5/21 (Item 2 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R) File 2:INSPEC

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6240820 INSPEC Abstract Number: C1999-06-7240-016

Title: Index design for structured documents based on abstraction

Author(s): Chow, J.-H.; Cheng, J.; Chang, D.; Xu, J.

Author Affiliation: Database Technol. Inst., IBM Santa Teresa Lab., San Jose, CA, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings. 6th International Conference on Advanced Systems for Advanced Applications p.89-96

Editor(s): Chen, A.L.P.; Lochovsky, F.H.

Publisher: IEEE Comput. Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA

Publication Date: 1999 Country of Publication: USA xii+356 pp.

ISBN: 0 7695 0084 6 Material Identity Number: XX-1999-01043

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7695 0084 6/99/\$10.00

Conference Title: Proceedings. 6th International Conference on Database Systems for Advanced Applications

Conference Sponsor: Nat. Tsing Hua Univ.; Nat. Sci. Council; Minstr. Educ.; Inf. Process. Soc. Japan

Conference Date: 19-21 April 1999 Conference Location: Hsinchu, Taiwan Language: English Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)

Treatment: Practical (P)

Abstract: HTML has so far been the standard format for delivering information on the World Wide Web. However, automated information processing of these documents for data exchange and interoperability has been difficult. XML, a subset of SGML, has been proposed to be the next standard format, that allows user-defined tags for better describing nested document structures and associated semantics. Operations on structured documents, such as searching in nested document structures, require new functions that are not currently available on most systems today. We describe a general framework for manipulating structured documents based on document abstractions. An abstraction is an approximation of an actual document, while possessing useful properties for analyses of interest. The framework provides a wide design space for the tradeoff between cost and capability. This general framework can be applied to index design, and categorization. We present this framework by searching focusing on the indexing and searching of structured documents in the XML domain, and prove their soundness. We also address the issue of rich data types in XML documents. (23 Refs)

Subfile: C

Descriptors: electronic data interchange; indexing; information resources; open systems; page description languages

Identifiers: index design; structured documents; document abstractions; HTML; World Wide Web; automated information processing; data exchange; interoperability; XML; SGML subset; standard format; user-defined tags; nested document structures; semantics; document searching; design space; cost-capability tradeoff; document categorization; soundness; rich data types

Class Codes: C7240 (Information analysis and indexing); C6130D (Document processing techniques); C6140D (High level languages); C7210N (Information networks)

Copyright 1999, IEE

(Item 4 from file: 94) DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus (c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 90A0328104 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Document image retricval system LaySearch. NISHIMURA YASUSHI (1); TAKAHASHI TOMOICHI (1); KISHINO FUMIO (1) (1) ATR Communication Systems Res. Labs. Hyuman, Intafesu, Shinpojiumu Ronbunshu (Human Interface), 1989, VOL.5th, PAGE.469-474, FIG.6, TBL.3, REF.5 JOURNAL NUMBER: Z0307BAK ISSN NO: 0912-3482 UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 681.3:061.68 LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference Proceeding ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: A document image database system called LaySearch (Layout Based Image Search System), which allows retrieval by document layout is introduced. The system is featured by (a) traphical user interface which assists the user's cut and try porcess in finding a document image and (b) layout model which enables various kinds of queries layout . The system enables a user to make clear the layout he wants, through browsing the whole database with no concern on the query procedure. The query is automatically processed by analysing the layout model. The system will provide a mean for retrieving by layout at personal document databases and retrieving and reusing layouts at desk top publishing systems. (author abst.) DESCRIPTORS: layout; document; image; database; information retrieval; DBMS; recall precision; computer file; interface; man-machine system; information retrieval system; tree structure

BROADER DESCRIPTORS: resource(document); retrieval; computer application system; system; efficiency; information system; structure CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): JD03030U

15/5/42 (Item 2 from file: 144)
DIALOG(R)File 144:Pascal
(c) 2003 INIST/CNRS. All rts. reserv.

14113045 PASCAL No.: 99-0308402

A customizable layout -driven approach to querying digital libraries Multimedia computing and networking 1999 : San Jose CA, 25-27 January 1999

CRUZ I F; LUCAS W T

KANDLUR Dilip D, ed; JEFFAY Kevin, ed; ROSCOE Timothy, ed

Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Computer Science Department, 100

Institute Rd., Worcester, MA 01609-2280, United States

International Society for Optical Engineering, Bellingham WA, United States.

Multimedia computing and networking. Conference (San Jose CA USA) 1999-01-25

Journal: SPIE proceedings series, 1998, 3654 122-134

ISBN: 0-8194-3125-7 ISSN: 1017-2653 Availability: INIST-21760;

354000084602560110

No. of Refs.: 21 ref.

Document Type: P (Serial); C (Conference Proceedings); A (Analytic)

Country of Publication: United States

Language: English

In widely available multimedia digital libraries, querying, browsing, and displaying data pose new challenges given the diversity of the applications, of the users, and of the data. We address some of these challenges by tightly integrating querying with user-defined data presentation and by supporting browsing within query-defined groupings of the multimedia objects. Groupings use efficiently the screen real-estate and enhance the comprehension of the data. The user interface supports virtual document templates for specifying layout with associated visual query boxes for specifying document content. By nesting query boxes the user is able to define how the browsing is going to be performed. The visual nesting "drives" the actual querying process and therefore goes beyond the simple specification of the presentation. Examples are provided of the system as used to query the Perseus digital library of classical artifacts.

English Descriptors: Information retrieval systems; Multimedia systems;
Document layout; Database query; Visual languages

15/5/44 (Item 4 from file: 144)

DIALOG(R) File 144: Pascal

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13182149 PASCAL No.: 97-0445654

The use of document structure analysis to retrieve information from documents in digital libraries

Document recognition IV : San Jose CA, 12-13 February 1997

NIYOGI D; SRIHARI S N

VINCENT Luc M, ed; HULL Jonathan J, ed

Center of Excellence for Document Analysis and Recognition, State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, NY 14228-2567, United States International Society for Optical Engineering, Bellingham WA, United States.

Document recognition. Conference, 4 (San Jose CA USA) 1997-02-12

Journal: SPIE proceedings series, 1997, 3027 207-218

ISBN: 0-8194-2438-2 ISSN: 1017-2653 Availability: INIST-21760;

354000041063900210

No. of Refs.: 11 ref.

Document Type: P (Serial); C (Conference Proceedings); A (Analytic)

Country of Publication: United States

Language: English

This paper describes an approach to retrieving information from document images stored in a digital library by means of knowledge-based layout analysis and logical structure derivation techniques. Queries on document image content are categorized in terms of the type of information that is desired (e.g., articles on a given topic), and are parsed to determine the type of document from which information is desired, the syntactic level of the information desired, and the level of analysis required to extract the information. Using these clauses in the query, a set of salient documents analysis and logical structure derivation are are retrieved, layout performed on the retrieved documents (using DeLoS, a document logical structure derivation system developed at CEDAR), and the documents are then analyzed in detail to extract the relevant logical components. A "document browsers application, being developed based on this approach, allows an user to interactively specify queries on the documents in the digital library using a graphical user interface, provides feedback about the candidate documents at each stage of the retrieval process, and allows refinements of the query based on the intermediate results of the search. Results of a query are displayed either as an image or as formatted text.

English Descriptors: Document structure; Electronic document management
 system; Information retrieval; Document layout; Knowledge base;
 Database query; Document analysis; Digital information; Library;
 Multimedia

French Descriptors: Structure document; Systeme gestion electronique document; Recherche information; Presentation document; Base connaissance; Interrogation base donnee; Analyse documentaire; Information numerique; Bibliotheque; Multimedia

Classification Codes: 001A01F03; 001A01H05; 205

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s7	70					
S8	3					
S9	335	· · ·				
S10	60_	S9(S) (DATAELEMENT? OR DATA() ELEMENT? ? OR PAGE? OR DOCUMEN-				
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File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Dec W02						
		003 European Patent Office				
File		ULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20031218,UT=20031211				
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15/5,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
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01474706

Information retrieval system
System zum Wiederauffinden von Informationen
Systeme d'extraction d'informations

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

MICROSOFT CORPORATION, (749861), One Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington 98052-6399, (US), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR:

Ferrel, Patrick J., 5240 21st St., N.E., Seattle, Washington 98105, (US) Kerr, Randy, 10408 180th Ct., N.E., Redmond, Washington 98052, (US) Uppala, Krishna, 5612 159th PI., N.E., Redmond, Washington 98052, (US) Nareddy, Krishna, 14550 N.E. 35th St., Apt. B102, Bellevue, Washington 98007, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

VOSSIUS & PARTNER (100314), Siebertstrasse 4, 81675 Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1251438 A2 021023 (Basic)
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2002014802 961115;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 560281 951117
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):
EP 774722 (EP 96118399)
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30

ABSTRACT EP 1251438 A2

A information retrieval system wherein design and content are separated. Within a section of a title, a designer can layout pages with controls that define areas for content to be inserted into the pages. Two commonly used controls in the system are a static story control, wherein a preselected story is statically placed on a page in the area defined by the control, and a dynamic story control, wherein the designer defines search objects to retrieve stories. An information retrieval (IR) server indexes and searches stories in titles. Indexing takes place when a title is released to the network by a publisher workstation. The IR server interrelates title, section and story objects by their globally unique identifiers and creates a routing table which is used to locate objects across multiple database partitions. The IR search service is requested in two different ways at customer runtime. The first way is the resolution of the search objects to retrieve matching stories. The retrieved stories are concatenated and poured into the area defined by the dynamic control when the title is viewed. In the second way, the IR search service is requested when a search is initiated by a customer using a "find" dialog to search across all stories in one or more titles, both dynamic and static.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 216 NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Application: 021023 A2 Published application without search report LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) 200243 268 SPEC A (English) 200243 24394

Total word count - document A 24662

Total word count - document B 0

Total word count - documents A + B 24662

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30

...SPECIFICATION editor 184 to manage tiles, containers, and objects; a page editor 186 to create and layout pages; a style sheet editor 187 to edit style sheets; a search object editor 189 to create search objects; a word processor, such as a MPS Document...

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15/5, K/2
              (Item 2 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01474705
Information retrieval system
System zum Wiederauffinden von Informationen
Systeme d'extraction d'informations
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
 MICROSOFT CORPORATION, (749866), One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052,
    (US), (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
  Ferrel, Patrick J., 5240 21st St., N.E., Seattle, Washington 98105, (US)
  Kerr, Randy, 10408 180th Ct., N.E., Redmond, Washington 98052, (US)
  Uppala, Krishna, 5612 159th PI., N.E., Redmond, Washington 98052, (US)
  Nareddy, Krishna, 14550 N.E. 35th St., Apt. B102, Bellevue, Washington
    98007, (US)
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:
  VOSSIUS & PARTNER (100314), Siebertstrasse 4, 81675 Munchen, (DE)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1251437 A2 021023 (Basic)
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 2002014801 961115;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 560281 951117
DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):
  EP 774722 (EP 96118399)
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30
ABSTRACT EP 1251437 A2
   A information retrieval system wherein design and content are
  separated. Within a section of a title, a designer can layout pages with
  controls that define areas for content to be inserted into the pages. Two
  commonly used controls in the system are a static story control, wherein
  a preselected story is statically placed on a page in the area defined by
  the control, and a dynamic story control, wherein the designer defines
  search objects to retrieve stories. An information retrieval (IR) server
  indexes and searches stories in titles. Indexing takes place when a title
  is released to the network by a publisher workstation. The IR server
  interrelates title, section and story objects by their globally unique
  identifiers and creates a routing table which is used to locate objects
  across multiple database partitions. The IR search service is requested
  in two different ways at customer runtime. The first way is the
  resolution of the search objects to retrieve matching stories. The
  retrieved stories are concatenated and poured into the area defined by
  the dynamic control when the title is viewed. In the second way, the IR
  search service is requested when a search is initiated by a customer
  using a "find" dialog to search across all stories in one or more titles,
  both dynamic and static.
ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 216
NOTE:
  Figure number on first page: 1
LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):
                021023 A2 Published application without search report
 Application:
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
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Available Text Language
                           Update
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                           200243
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               (English) 200243
                                     24361
      SPEC A
```

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30

Total word count - documents A + B

Total word count - document A Total word count - document B

...SPECIFICATION editor 184 to manage tiles, containers, and objects; a page editor 186 to create and layout pages; a style sheet editor 187

24957

24957

0

to edit style sheets; a **search** object editor 189 to create search objects; a word processor, such as a MPS Document...

15/5,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
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01042597

Method and means of matching documents based on spatial region layout Verfahren und Mittel um Dokumente zu Vergleichen auf der Basis des raumlichen Layouts

Methode et moyens pour la comparaison de documents basee sur la disposition spatiale des regions

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Xerox Corporation, (219786), Xerox Square - 20A, Rochester, New York 14644, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all)

Syeda-Mahmood, Tanveer F., 1 Scarborough Park, Rochester, New York 14625, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Grunecker, Kinkeldey, Stockmair & Schwanhausser Anwaltssozietat (100721), Maximilianstrasse 58, 80538 Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 923044 A2 990616 (Basic)

EP 923044 A3 010627 EP 923044 B1 031217

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 98121791 981116;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 975466 971121

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06K-009/20; G06F-017/30 CITED REFERENCES (EP B):

BOHNACKER U ET AL: "Matching form lines based on a heuristic search" PROCEEDINGS OF THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DOCUMENT ANALYSIS AND RECOGNITION (CAT. NO.97TB100138), PROCEEDINGS OF THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON DOCUMENT ANALYSIS AND RECOGNITION, ULM, GERMANY, 18-20 AUG. 1997, pages 86-90 vol.1, XP002165325 1997, Los Alamitos, CA, USA, IEEE Comput. Soc, USA ISBN: 0-8186-7898-4 NIYOGI D ET AL: "AN INTEGRATED APPROACH TO DOCUMENT DECOMPOSITION AND STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS" INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF IMAGING SYSTEMS AND TECHNOLOGY, US, WILEY AND SONS, NEW YORK, vol. 7, no. 4, 21 December 1996 (1996-12-21), pages 330-342, XP000637454 ISSN: 0899-9457;

ABSTRACT EP 923044 A2

A method for matching obejcts based on spatial layout of regions based on a shape similarity model for detecting similarity between general 2D objects. The method uses the shape similarity model to determine if two obejcts are similar by logical region generation in which logical regions are automatically derived from information in the obejcts to be matched, region correspondence, in which a correspondence is established between the regions on the obejcts, pose computation in which the individual transforms relating corresponding regions are recovered, and pose verification in which the extent of spatial similarity is measured by projecting one document onto the other using the computed pose parameters. The method of the invention can be carried out in a microprocessor-based system capable of being programmed to carry out the method of the invention.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 133

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 3A

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Change: 010613 A2 International Patent Classification changed:

20010423

Application: 990616 A2 Published application (Alwith Search Report

;A2without Search Report)

Grant: 031217 B1 Granted patent

Search Report: 010627 A3 Separate publication of the search report

Examination: 020306 A2 Date of request for examination: 20011227 Examination: 020619 A2 Date of dispatch of the first examination

report: 20020507

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text	Language	Update	Word Count
CLAIMS A	(English)	199924	396
CLAIMS B	(English)	200351	583
CLAIMS B	(German)	200351	565
CLAIMS B	(French)	200351	666
SPEC A	(English)	199924	3427
SPEC B	(English)	200351	3664
Total word count	 document 	: A	3824
Total word count	- document	: B	5478
Total word count	- document	s A + B	9302

...INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30

...SPECIFICATION allowed form region pairs, and unary constraints are then applied to the documents in a **layout** shape **matching** module 9 resulting is a matching score between the **documents**.

Referring back to Figures 1A and 2A, illustrated is the logical region grouping for documents...

... SPECIFICATION C. Examples

Referring to Figure 4, a flow chart representing the four major steps of document recognition employing the invention, after logical regions of documents to be matched are identified. Logical region extraction occurs within the first two blocks where First 1 all region pairs are formed, and then the documents are pruned 2 based on unary constraints discussed in further detail below. Region correspondence is then determined between documents 3. A pose is computed 4 for the documents and match verification is determined based a matching score. Figure 5 is another diagram depicting a more specific scenario where two documents (1 and 2) are scanned, and enter a region segmentation module 7 to establish a correspondence between the regions on the documents. A logical region grouping module 8 is then allowed form region pairs, and unary constraints are then applied to the documents in a layout shape matching module 9 resulting is a matching score between the documents

Referring back to Figures 1A and 2A, illustrated is the logical region grouping for documents...

15/5,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

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00836549

Information retrieval system

Informationswiederauffindungssystem

Systeme de recouvrement d'informations

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

MICROSOFT CORPORATION, (749861), One Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington 98052-6399, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all)

INVENTOR:

Ferrel, Patrick J., 5240 21st St., N.E., Seattle, Washington 98105, (US) Kerr, Randy, 10408 180th Ct., N.E., Redmond, Washington98052, (US) Uppala, Krishna, 5612 159th Pl., N.E., Redmond, Washington 98052, (US) Nareddy, Krishna, 14550 N.E. 35th St., Apt. B102, Belleuve, Washington 98007, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):

VOSSIUS & PARTNER (100311), Postfach 86 07 67, 81634 Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 774722 A2 970521 (Basic) EP 774722 A3 981202

EP 774722 B1 030122

EP 96118399 961115;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 560281 951117

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB
RELATED DIVISIONAL NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):
EP 1251437 (EP 2002014801)
EP 1251438 (EP 2002014802)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30 CITED PATENTS (EP B): EP 622743 A; EP 749081 A

ABSTRACT EP 774722 A2

A information retrieval system wherein design and content are separated. Within a section of a title, a designer can layout pages with controls that define areas for content to be inserted into the pages. Two commonly used controls in the system are a static story control, wherein a preselected story is statically placed on a page in the area defined by the control, and a dynamic story control, wherein the designer defines search objects to retrieve stories. An information retrieval (IR) server indexes and searches stories in titles. Indexing takes place when a title is released to the network by a publisher workstation. The IR server interrelates title, section and story objects by their globally unique identifiers and creates a routing table which is used to locate objects across multiple database partitions. The IR search service is requested in two different ways at customer runtime. The first way is the resolution of the search objects to retrieve matching stories. The retrieved stories are concatenated and poured into the area defined by the dynamic control when the title is viewed. In the second way, the IR search service is requested when a search is initiated by a customer using a "find" dialog to search across all stories in one or more titles, both dynamic and static.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 216 NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Examination: 001122 A2 Date of dispatch of the first examination

report: 20001005

Application: 970521 A2 Published application (Alwith Search Report

;A2without Search Report)

Grant: 030122 B1 Granted patent

Change: 020306 A2 Title of invention (German) changed: 20020111 Change: 020828 A2 Application number of divisional application

(Article 76) changed: 20020705

Change: 970528 A2 Inventor (change)

Search Report: 981202 A3 Separate publication of the European or

International search report

Examination: 990714 A2 Date of filing of request for examination:

990518

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text	Language	Update	Word Count
CLAIMS A	(English)	EPAB97	1769
CLAIMS B	(English)	200304	1219
CLAIMS B	(German)	200304	1090
CLAIMS B	(French)	200304	1349
SPEC A	(English)	EPAB97	24381
SPEC B	(English)	200304	24342
Total word count	- documen	t A	26154
Total word count	- documen	t B	28000
Total word count	- documen	ts A + B	54154

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30

- ...SPECIFICATION editor 184 to manage tiles, containers, and objects; a page editor 186 to create and layout pages; a style sheet editor 187 to edit style sheets; a search object editor 189 to create search objects; a word processor, such as a MPS Document...
- ...SPECIFICATION editor 184 to manage tiles, containers, and objects; a page editor 186 to create and **layout pages**; a style sheet editor 187 to edit style sheets; a **search** object editor 189 to create search

objects; a word processor, such as a MPS Document...

(Item 5 from file: 349) 15/5, K/5DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT (c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. **Image available** 00783247 AUTOMATED CONVERSION OF PRINT-READY DOCUMENTS FOR DISPLAY CONVERSION AUTOMATIQUE DE DOCUMENTS PRETS A IMPRIMER AFIN DE LES AFFICHER Patent Applicant/Assignee: R R DONNELLEY & SONS COMPANY, 3075 Highland Parkway, Downers Grove, IL 60515-1261, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor: DREYER Mark G, 2320 Blue Spruce Lane, Aurora, IL 60504, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) SHIVELY J Thomas, 112 N. Washington Street, Hinsdale, IL 60521, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) Legal Representative: MCCRACKEN William E (agent), Marshall, O'Toole, Gerstein, Murray & Borun, 233 S. Wacker Drive, 6300 Sears Tower, Chicago, IL 60606, US, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 200116792 A1 20010308 (WO 0116792) Patent: Application: WO 99US20203 19990901 (PCT/WO US9920203) Priority Application: WO 99US20203 19990901 Designated States: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG (AP) GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ UG ZW (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/24 International Patent Class: G06F-017/30 Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims Fulltext Word Count: 12720

English Abstract

A system for converting a page layout file into a database for use by a display program which converts the database for display in a medium opens the page layout file, converts a portion of the page layout file into data compatible with the medium and assembles the data into the database.

French Abstract

Systeme servant a convertir un fichier d'implantation de pages en une base de donnees concue pour etre utilisee par un programme d'affichage qui convertit cette base de donnees afin de l'afficher sur un support, ouvre le fichier d'implantation de pages, convertit une partie de ce fichier d'implantation de pages en donnees compatibles avec le support et assemble les donnees dans la base de donnees.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)
Publication 20010308 Al With international search report.

International Patent Class: G06F-017/30
Fulltext Availability:
 Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... from the foregoing that the present invention converts the unstructured and untagged data in the page layout file into searchable data related to an object.

Numerous modifications to the present invention will be apparent to...

15/5,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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00736192 **Image available**

SIMILARITY SEARCHING BY COMBINATION OF DIFFERENT DATA-TYPES
RECHERCHE DE DOCUMENT PAR SIMILITUDE AVEC COMBINAISON DE DIFFERENTS TYPES
DE DONNEES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY, 3000 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, CA 94304, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

SHARPE William, 26 Holmwood Gardens, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol BS9 3EB, GB, GB (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) BURNS Roland John, 62 Rock Harbor Lane, Foster City, CA 94404, US, US (Residence), GB (Nationality), (Designated only for: US) Legal Representative:

LAWRENCE Richard Anthony, Hewlett-Packard Limited, Intellectual Property Section, Filton Road, Stoke Gifford, Bristol BS34 8QZ, GB

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200049526 A1 20000824 (WO 0049526)
Application: WO 2000GB489 20000215 (PCT/WO GB0000489)

Priority Application: GB 993451 19990216

Designated States: JP US

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English

Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 4211

English Abstract

This invention relates to managing multiple web servers, a web service system and method that allows a system operator to distribute content to each web server in the web service system and notifying a computer, such as a cache server, of content changes. In one embodiment, a method for notifying a computer of changed files includes identifying changes in a source file set, storing the identified changes in a modification list and transmitting the modification list to a computer. In one embodiment, a method for replicating changes in a source file set on a destination file system and for notifying a computer of the changes includes identifying changes in a source file set, storing the changes in a first modification list, and transmitting the first modification list to an agent having access to a destination file system.

French Abstract

Cette invention concerne la gestion de serveurs multiples sur le Web, un systeme de service Web et un procede permettant a un operateur systeme de repartir un contenu dans chacun des serveurs Web dudit service et d'informer un ordinateur, un serveur a antememoire par exemple, de changements survenus dans ledit contenu. Selon un mode de realisation, un procede de notification d'ordinateur a propos de changements consiste a identifier des changements survenus dans un jeu de dossiers source, a stocker les changements identifies dans une liste de modification et a transmettre ladite liste a un ordinateur. Un autre mode de realisation concerne un procede de reproduction de changements dans un jeu de dossiers source sur un systeme de dossiers destinataires, et de notification d'un ordinateur a propos de ces changements. Ce procede consiste a identifier des changements dans un ensemble de dossiers source, a stocker ces changements dans une premiere liste de notification et a transmettre cette premiere liste de notification a un agent qui a acces au systeme de dossiers destinataires.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)

Publication 20000824 Al With international search report.

Publication 20000824 Al Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30 Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

... In a second aspect, the invention provides a method of searching a database to find

documents similar to a query document , comprising: decomposing the
query

document into elements of different data types; determining a layout
element in a layout datatype from the spatial arrangement of the elements
in the document; for the
SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

layout element, conducting a **layout** similarity **search** to return match results from the database for the layout element.

Brief Description of Figure...

...according to an embodiment of the second aspect of the invention for conducting a similarity **search** for **layout** information.

Description of Embodiments
A typical document contains a plurality of data types. The most...the
first aspect of the invention given the same reference numbers as in
Figure 2. Layout similarity searching, whether used on its own or as
one of the elements in a combined search...

...of different data types are used for text and SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

for overall document type. Using a rule-based approach, different text blocks and whole documents, especially in the case of formal workflow documents, can be assigned particular functions with relatively high confidence. For example, it is well known that isolated text blocks at the top of a page and handwriting at the bottom are suggestive of a letter, and so different spatial regions of the document can be assigned to appropriate functional fields (address, letter text etc) - likewise, table and currency totals in a document can be identified as a discrete element, and their presence limits the document to another group (bill, quote or invoice). Layout searching can thus involve matching to templates representing different workflow document types (thus promoting matching of a document determined to be a letter against other letters). An appropriate mechanism is to normalise a...

Claim

... the spatial arrangement

of the elements in the document;

for the layout element, conducting a **layout** similarity **search** to return match results from the database for the layout element. SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

. A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the ${f layout}$ similarity search

involves searching against templates representative of different document types.

16 A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the elements include elements of...

...is a piece of line art below the text is an image IMAGE

31 32 SEARCH OF LAYOUT DATABASE Figure 3 /4 SELECTION 21 22 DECOMPOSITION TO SEPARATE ELEMENTS, INCLUDING LAYOUT ELEMENT EARCHING... ... International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 GO6F Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category o Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X DE 197... ...line 51 - line 61 column 5, line 15 - line 56 figures 3,4 ED Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents @rn later document published after the international filing or priority date and not in conflict with the application but document defining the general state of the art which is not cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the considered to be of particular relevance invention 'E' earlier document but published on or after the international W document of particular relevance; the claimed invention filing date cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to document which may throw doubts on priority ciaim(s) or involve an inventive step when the **document** is taken alone which is cited to establish the publication date of another @Yw **document** of particular relevance; the claimed invention citation or other special reason (as specified) cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the "0* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or document is combined with one or more other such docu other means ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled "P' document published prior to the international filing date but in the art. later than the priority date claimed W document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search... ...nl, Triest, J Fax: (+31-70) 34G--3016 Form PCTASA, 210 (secoml shoot) (July 1992) page 1 of 2 INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT I iational Application No PCT/GB 00/00489 C. (Contlnuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category o Citation of document , vAth indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passageS Relevant to claim No. x MUKHERJEA S...

...PROCEEDINGS OF WORKSHOP ON LANGUAGES FOR AUTOMATION, US, WASHINGTON, IEEE COMP. SOC.

PRESS,
Vol. -, 1988, pages 149-154, XPOO0118740
ISBN: 0 0890-0
page 150, column 2. paragraph 4 - page 151,
column 1, paragraph 3
Form PCTASA/21 0 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)
page 2 of 2
INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
IF ational Application No
information on patent family members PCT/GB 00/00489
Patent document Publication Patent family Publication
cited in search report I I member(s) date
DE 19708265...

15/5,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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00510329 **Image available**

DOCUMENT IMAGE STRUCTURE ANALYZING METHOD PROCEDE D'ANALYSE DE STRUCTURE D'IMAGE DE DOCUMENT

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

LIN ChunChen, Inventor(s):

LIN ChunChen,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9941681 A1 19990819

Application: WO 99JP649 19990215 (PCT/WO JP9900649)

Priority Application: JP 9850130 19980216

Designated States: US AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

International Patent Class: G06T-001/00

Publication Language: Japanese

English Abstract

According to a **document** image structure analyzing method, a text generated by capturing a **document** image of a contents **page** is analyzed to examine the entire **document** structure (contents analysis), **document** images of the text are captured to perform **layout** analysis, and **matching** is performed by using information obtained by the contents analysis, thus efficiently creating an accurate electronic **document** having a logic structure.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un procede d'analyse de structure d'image de document, qui consiste a analyser un texte genere par la capture d'une image de document d'une page de table des matieres, pour permettre l'examen de la structure du document global (analyse du contenu), a capturer des images de document pour permettre l'analyse de la disposition, et a mapper au moyen des informations obtenues par l'analyse du contenu, ce qui permet de creer efficacement un document electronique precis ayant une structure logique.

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

English Abstract

According to a **document** image structure analyzing method, a text generated by capturing a **document** image of a contents **page** is analyzed to examine the entire **document** structure (contents analysis), **document** images of the text are captured to perform **layout** analysis, and **matching** is performed by using information obtained by the contents analysis, thus efficiently creating an accurate electronic **document** having a logic structure.

15/5,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

(c) 2003 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv. **Image available** 00474261 DATA COMMUNICATIONS COMMUNICATIONS DE DONNEES Patent Applicant/Assignee: ORANGE PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES LIMITED, EVANS Michael, FURNELL Steven, PHIPPEN Andrew, REYNOLDS Paul, HAMMAC John, KELLIHER John, Inventor(s): EVANS Michael, FURNELL Steven, PHIPPEN Andrew, REYNOLDS Paul, HAMMAC John, KELLIHER John, Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): Patent: WO 9905613 A1 19990204 Application: WO 98GB2177 19980722 (PCT/WO GB9802177) Priority Application: GB 9715516 19970722 Designated States: AL AM AT AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ CZ DE DE DK DK EE EE ES FI FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF

BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 6236

English Abstract

A multimedia client terminal, said terminal comprising: a browser for interpreting a multimedia document received from a remote server, said interpreting means comprising: means for recognising textual presentation markup tags in said document and presenting text to a user in accordance with said markup tags; means for recognising a standard set of document-independent local library file markup tags in said document; means for storing a set of non-textual local library files corresponding to said local library tags; and means for presenting the contents of one of said local library files to a user in response to the recognition of one of said local library file tags in said multimedia document.

French Abstract

L'invention porte sur un terminal client multimedia comprenant un navigateur qui interprete un document multimedia recu d'un serveur a distance. L'interpreteur comprend: un moyen permettant de reconnaitre des etiquettes de balisage de presentation textuelle du document et presenter un texte a un utilisateur en fonction des etiquettes de balisage; un moyen permettant de reconnaitre dans le document un ensemble type d'etiquettes de balisage pour fichiers de bibliotheque locaux independants d'un document; un moyen d'enregistrement d'un ensemble de fichiers de bibliotheque locaux non textuels correspondant aux etiquettes de bibliotheque locales; et un moyen permettant de presenter le contenu d'un de ces fichiers locaux a un utilisateur en reponse a la reconnaissance d'une des etiquettes locales du document multimedia.

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30
Fulltext Availability:
 Detailed Description
Detailed Description
... same type of image irrespective 1 5 of the theme being used (i.e.

HOME, SEARCH , ARROW etc).

- * Design
- * range of standard page design constructs in terms of lines, bullets,

separators, etc. The structure of this category is strictly...

15/5,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00414522 **Image available**

HIERARCHICAL STRUCTURE EDITOR FOR WEB SITES EDITEUR DE STRUCTURES HIERARCHISEES POUR SITES DU WEB

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

RAE TECHNOLOGY INC,

Inventor(s):

ARORA Samir,

ARORA Gagan,

LAKSHMINARAYAN Rajagopal,

BROWN Gregory,

FRID-NIELSEN Martin,

MOK Clement,

KLEINBERG David,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9804983 A1 19980205

Application: WO 97US12820 19970725 (PCT/WO US9712820)

Priority Application: US 96687971 19960729

Designated States: AU BR CA CN IL JP KP AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT

LU MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 14051

English Abstract

A method and apparatus for a structure editor implementing a "top-down" approach to designing a Web page. The user uses a "drag and drop" interface to add, delete, and move display elements to define the hierarchy of the site and to define the layout of each page in the site. The present invention automatically generates a layout for each page. This layout contains display elements that represent the links between pages of the site. The present invention automatically adds, removes, and deletes the appropriate links between the pages of the site as the user moves display elements. After the user has defined the hierarchy of the site and the layout of each page in the site, the user "publishes" the site. The publish function automatically generates HTML for each page of the site in accordance with the display elements of each page, yielding true WYSIWYG pages for the site.

French Abstract

L'invention porte sur un procede et un appareil constituant une structure d'edition mettant en oeuvre une approche "tete en bas" pour presenter une page du reseau. L'utilisateur recourt a une interface "tirer lacher" pour ajouter, effacer, et deplacer les elements de presentation pour definir la hierarchie du site et la mise en page de chaque page a l'interieur du site. Ladite invention elabore automatiquement une mise en page pour chaque page. Cette mise en page contient des elements de presentation representant les liens entre les differentes pages du site. Ladite invention ajoute, efface, et deplace les liens appropries entre les pages du site a mesure que l'utilisateur deplace les elements de presentation. Apres avoir defini la hierarchie du site, et la mise en page de chaque page du site, l'utilisateur "publie" le site. La fonction publication produit automatiquement un langage hypertexte pour chaque page du site en fonction des elements de

presentation de chaque page, ce qui donne de veritables pages WISIWYG pour le site.

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... that-is-linked-to is identified by looking at the page hierarchy layout tree. After the node is identified, the specified by the page processor finds the

1 5 URL, name, etc of the node and generates the display or HTML...

15/5,K/10 (Item 10 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00376923

STRUCTURED FOCUSED HYPERTEXT DATA STRUCTURE

STRUCTURE DE DONNEES HYPERTEXTE ARTICULEE SUR LA STRUCTURATION

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Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

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AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT

SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30 International Patent Class: G06F-17:21

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 263802

English Abstract

A hypertexted data structure (3/16) stored on a computer readable memory device and organized in a hierarchy of at least two levels, the data structure comprising: a plurality of data units (18-20) positioned at different levels in the hierarchy each containing at least some textual information (23) and a plurality of hypertext links (1) each linking at least part of the textual information in a given source data unit to a target data unit; wherein at least one of the hypertext links (1) is linked to at least one hypertext node (34) which contains information relating at least to both the given source data unit and the target data unit from which the relative positions in the hierarchy of the given source and target data units linked by the hypertext link may be determined.

French Abstract

La presente invention concerne une structure de donnees en format hypertexte (3/16) stockees dans une memoire lisible par ordinateur et organisee selon une hierarchie comportant au moins deux niveaux. Cette structure de donnees est constituee, d'une part de plusieurs unites de

donnees (18-20) se placant a differents niveaux de la hierarchie, chacune de ces unites de donnees contenant au moins quelques donnees textuelles (23), et d'autre part, d'un jeu de liens hypertexte (1), chacun de ces liens reliant au moins une partie de l'information textuelle d'une unite de donnees origine specifique a une unite de donnees cible. L'un au moins des liens hypertexte (1) est relie a l'un au moins des noeuds hypertexte (34) qui contient des donnees se rapportant au moins a la fois a l'unite de donnees origine specifique et a l'unite de donnees cible a partir de laquelle il est possible de determiner des positions relatives dans la hierarchie. Ces positions relatives sont celles des unites de donnees origine et cible reliees par le lien hypertexte.

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30 Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... multiple parent data structure of the present invention, it may be advantageous to add

ific pages designed to serve as links between two parallel chapters of

speci

different types (e.g., disease...LeftDest + WidthDest >

' - Describe the location and size of Printer.ScaleWidth Then Exit Function

the source image in pixels. If TopDest + HeightDest >

O Printer.ScaleHeight Then Exit

'Returns Function

True if successful...

```
Set
        Items
                Description
                SEARCH? OR SEEK? OR QUER? OR FIND? OR MATCH?
S1
     10182449
                (DATA() ELEMENT? OR PAGE? OR DOCUMENT?) (N) (LAYOUT? ? OR LAY-
        48856
S2
             ()OUT? OR DESIGN OR DESIGNS OR DESIGNED OR ARRANGEMENT?)
                (ARRANG? OR LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? OR DESIGN?)(2N)(TEXT(2N)(-
S3
          787
             IMAGE? OR PICTURE?))
S4
      1275515
                DECOMPOS? OR DECONSTRUCT? OR DISASSEMB? OR REASSEMB? OR DE-
             ASSEMB? OR SPLIT? OR BREAK?()(UP OR DOWN)
                (DIFFERENT? OR SEPARATE? OR VARIOUS? OR VARIET?) (2N) (ELEME-
S5
        53317
             NT? OR DATATYPE? OR DATA()TYPE?)
       308965
S6
                LAYOUT? OR LAY()OUT? ?
S7
                S1(S)(S2 OR S3)(S)(S4 OR S5)
           68
           43
S8
                RD (unique items)
                S8 NOT PY>2000
S9
           40
           40
                S9 NOT PD=20000215
S10
S11
           35
                S10 NOT PD=20000215:20020215
           35
S12
              S11 NOT PD=20020215:20031229
File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2003/Dec 29
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
     47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2003/Dec 23
File
         (c) 2003 The Gale group
File
     75:TGG Management Contents(R) 86-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2003/Dec 29
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
     16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2003/Dec 29
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2003/Dec 26
         (c) 2003 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2003/Dec W2
         (c) 2003 ProQuest
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2003/Dec 29
         (c) 2003 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co
File 553: Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2003/Nov
         (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co
File 621:Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2003/Dec 24
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 674: Computer News Fulltext 1989-2003/Dec W1
         (c) 2003 IDG Communications
     88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2003/Dec 23
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 369:New Scientist 1994-2003/Dec W2
         (c) 2003 Reed Business Information Ltd.
File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2003/Dec 27
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
      15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2003/Dec 27
File
         (c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2003/Dec 26
File
         (c) 2003 Resp. DB Svcs.
File
     13:BAMP 2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 Resp. DB Svcs.
File 647:CMP Computer Fulltext 1988-2003/Dec W3
         (c) 2003 CMP Media, LLC
File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2003/Dec 24
         (c) 2003 The Gale Group
File 634:San Jose Mercury Jun 1985-2003/Dec 27
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12/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02179948 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20526638 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Highlights from the exhibition. (Seybold Web Publisher conference) (Industry Trend or Event)

McKenzie, Matt; Rossello, Rosanne; Votsch, Victor Seybold Report on Internet Publishing, v2, n8, p3(1)

April, 1998

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext WORD COUNT: 6649 LINE COUNT: 00523

error types and another will highlight the incorrect code. The product also includes some strong search capabilities, such as the ability to search separately in the source code and page layout views, pattern-based **searching** and wildcard **searches**. Users can also store and reuse sets of **search** criteria.

The new version of CyberStudio includes dozens of other notable improvements, and we didn...